

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide.

REACTIONS. (lb/size) 2=181/0-3-8 (min. 0-1-8), 4=71/Mechanical

Max Horz 2=90(LC 10)

Max Uplift2=-63(LC 10), 4=-37(LC 11)

Max Grav 2=216(LC 14), 4=88(LC 14)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

1) Wind: ASCE 7-05; 90mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp C; enclosed; MWFRS (low-rise) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

2) TCLL: ASCE 7-05; Pr=25.0 psf (roof live load: Lumber DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pg=25.0 psf (ground snow); Pf=19.3 psf (flat roof

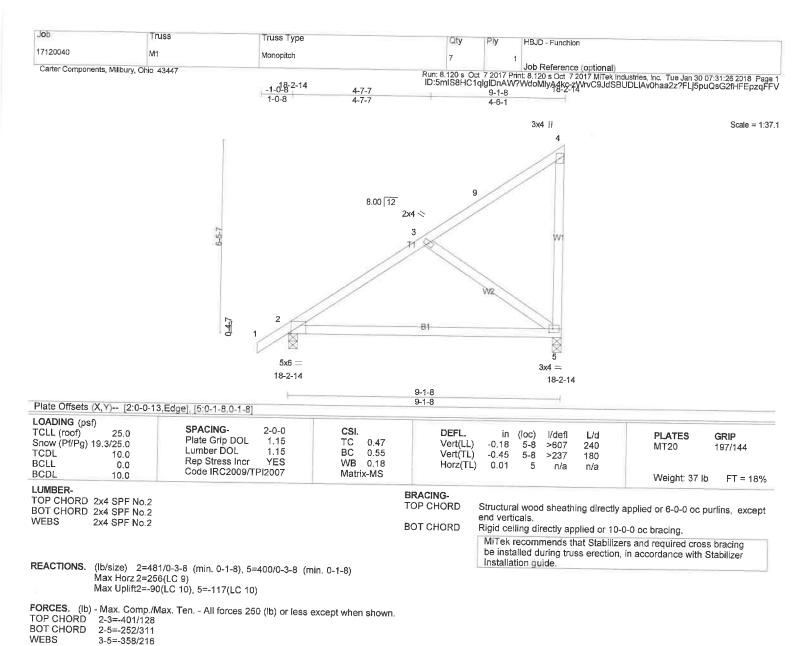
snow: Lumber DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Category II; Exp C; Partially Exp., Ct=1.1

3) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.

- 4) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 12.0 psf or 2.00 times flat roof load of 19.3 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.
- 5) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads. 6) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.

7) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 2, 4.

8) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2009 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.



NOTES.

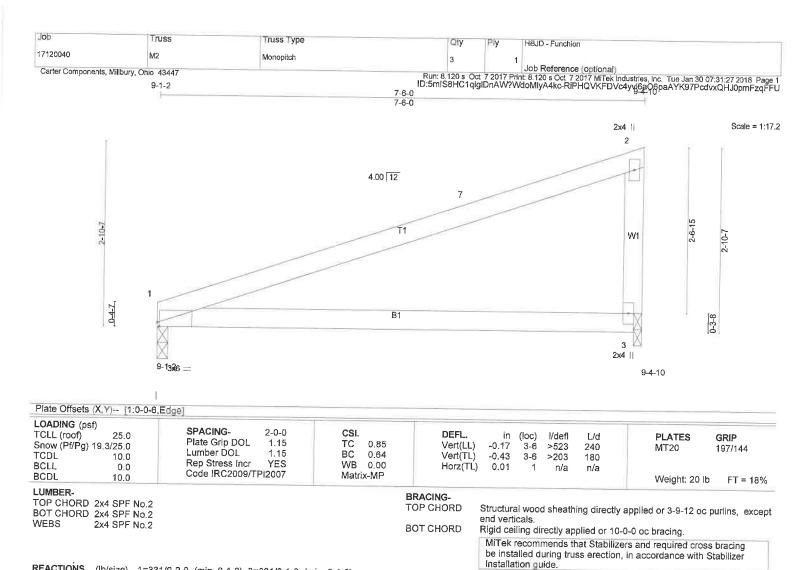
- 1) Wind: ASCE 7-05; 90mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp C; enclosed; MWFRS (low-rise) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 2) TCLL: ASCE 7-05; Pr=25.0 psf (roof live load: Lumber DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pg=25.0 psf (ground snow); Pf=19.3 psf (flat roof snow: Lumber DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Category II; Exp C; Partially Exp.; Ct=1.1

3) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.

4) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 12.0 psf or 2.00 times flat roof load of 19.3 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.

5) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

6) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 2 except (jt=lb) 5=117. This truss is designed in accordance with the 2009 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.



REACTIONS. (lb/size) 1=331/0-2-0 (min. 0-1-8), 3=331/0-1-8 (min. 0-1-8) Max Horz 1=113(LC 9)

Max Uplift1=-56(LC 8), 3=-74(LC 10)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

NOTES-

1) Wind: ASCE 7-05; 90mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp C; enclosed; MWFRS (low-rise) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

2) TCLL: ASCE 7-05; Pr=25.0 psf (roof live load: Lumber DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pg=25.0 psf (ground snow); Pf=19.3 psf (flat roof snow: Lumber DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Category II; Exp C; Partially Exp.; Ct=1.1

3) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.

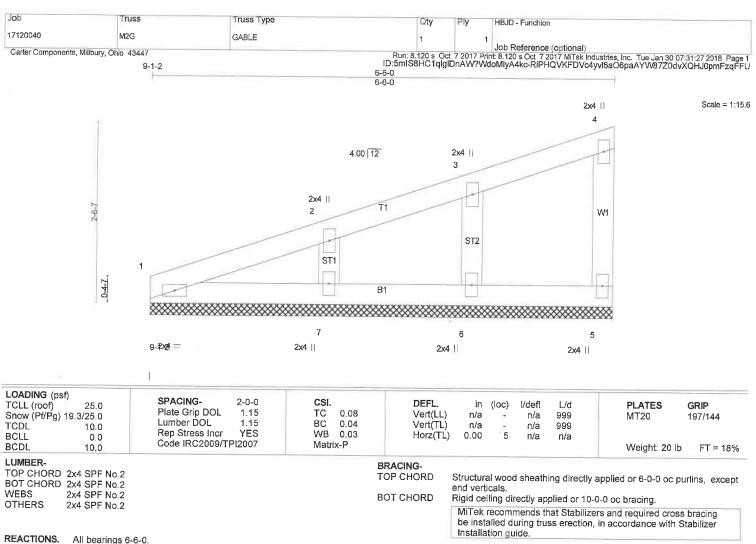
4) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

5) Bearing at joint(s) 3 considers parallel to grain value using ANSI/TPI 1 angle to grain formula. Building designer should verify capacity of bearing surface.

6) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate at joint(s) 1, 3.

7) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 1, 3.

8) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2009 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.



All bearings 6-6-0.

(lb) - Max Horz 1=99(LC 9)

Max Uplift All uplift 100 lb or less at joint(s) 5, 6, 7
Max Grav All reactions 250 lb or less at joint(s) 1, 5, 6, 7

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

NOTES-

- 1) Wind: ASCE 7-05; 90mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp C; enclosed; MWFRS (low-rise) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 2) Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For study exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.

 3) TCLL: ASCE 7-05; Pr=25.0 psf (roof live load: Lumber DOL=1.15); Pg=25.0 psf (ground snow); Pf=19.3 psf (flat roof live load: Lumber DOL=1.15); Pg=25.0 psf (ground snow); Pf=19.3 psf (flat roof live load: Lumber DOL=1.15); Pg=25.0 psf (ground snow); Pf=19.3 psf (flat roof live load: Lumber DOL=1.15); Pg=25.0 psf (ground snow); Pf=19.3 psf (flat roof live load: Lumber DOL=1.15); Pg=25.0 psf (ground snow); Pf=19.3 psf (flat roof live load: Lumber DOL=1.15); Pg=25.0 psf (ground snow); Pf=19.3 psf (flat roof live load: Lumber DOL=1.15); Pg=25.0 psf (ground snow); Pf=19.3 psf (flat roof live load: Lumber DOL=1.15); Pg=25.0 psf (ground snow); Pf=19.3 psf (flat roof live load: Lumber DOL=1.15); Pg=25.0 psf (ground snow); Pf=19.3 psf (flat roof live load: Lumber DOL=1.15); Pg=25.0 psf (ground snow); Pf=19.3 psf (gr snow: Lumber DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Category II; Exp C; Partially Exp.; Ct=1.1
- 4) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
- 5) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
- 6) Gable studs spaced at 2-0-0 oc.
- 7) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 8) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 5, 6, 7.
- 9) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2009 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.

Job Truss Truss Type Qty HBJD - Funchion Ply 17120040 Monopitch Supported Gable Job Reference (optional)

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ID:5mlS8HC1qlglDnAW?WdoMlyA4kc-vvyfdrKt_pkxa3Kl85d27O4fGXtmMMBZVzmMJizqFFT Carter Components, Millbury, Ohio 43447 9-1-2 3-10-0 3-10-0 Scale = 1:10.8 2 2x4 4 4.00 12 T1 W₁ 0-4-7 **B**1 3 2x49.∓-2 2x4 || 1 LOADING (psf) SPACING-**DEFL**. Vert(LL) 2-0-0 CSI. TCLL (roof) in 25.0 (loc) I/defi L/d **PLATES GRIP** Plate Grip DOL 1.15 TC 0.25 Snow (Pf/Pg) 19.3/25.0 n/a n/a 999 MT20 197/144 Lumber DOL 1.15 BC 0.13 TCDL Vert(TL) n/a 10.0 n/a 999 Rep Stress Incr WB 0.00 **BCLL** Horz(TL) 0.00 3 0.0 n/a n/a Code IRC2009/TPI2007 Matrix-P BCDL Weight: 10 lb FT = 18% LUMBER-**BRACING-**TOP CHORD

TOP CHORD 2x4 SPF No.2 BOT CHORD 2x4 SPF No.2 **WEBS** 2x4 SPF No.2

BOT CHORD

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 3-10-0 oc purlins, except end verticals.

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide

REACTIONS. (lb/size) 1=166/3-10-0 (min. 0-1-8), 3=166/3-10-0 (min. 0-1-8)

Max Horz 1=59(LC 9)

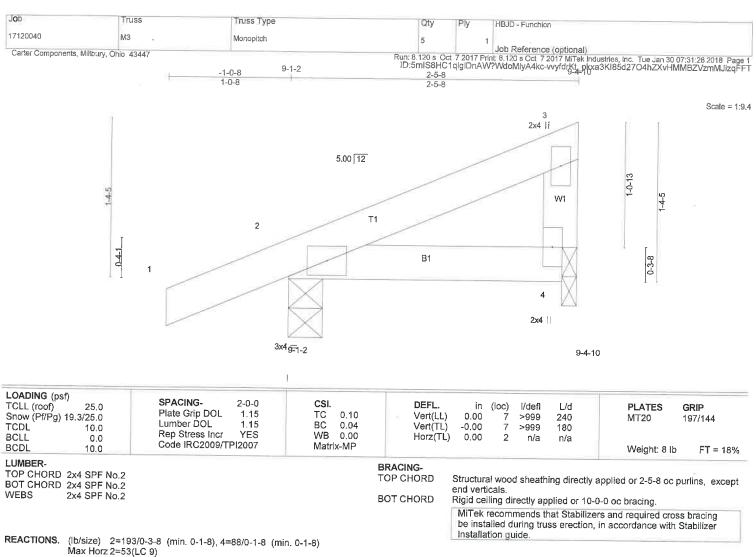
Max Uplift1=-28(LC 8), 3=-37(LC 10)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

NOTES-

- 1) Wind: ASCE 7-05; 90mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp C; enclosed; MWFRS (low-rise) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 2) Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.

 3) TCLL: ASCE 7-05; Pr=25.0 psf (roof live load: Lumber DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pg=25.0 psf (ground snow); Pf=19.3 psf (flat roof
- snow: Lumber DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Category II; Exp C; Partially Exp.; Ct=1.1
- 4) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
- 5) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
- 6) Gable studs spaced at 2-0-0 oc.
- 7) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 8) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 1, 3.
- 9) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2009 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.



Max Horz 2=53(LC 9)

Max Uplift2=-77(LC 10), 4=-12(LC 10)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

NOTES-

- 1) Wind: ASCE 7-05; 90mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp C; enclosed; MWFRS (low-rise) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for Exterior(2) zone; cantilever leπ and right exposed, end vertical left and right exposed, a section shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

 2) TCLL: ASCE 7-05; Pr=25.0 psf (roof live load: Lumber DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pg=25.0 psf (ground snow); Pf=19.3 psf (flat roof snow: Lumber DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Category II; Exp C; Partially Exp.; Ct=1.1

3) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.

4) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 12.0 psf or 2.00 times flat roof load of 19.3 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.

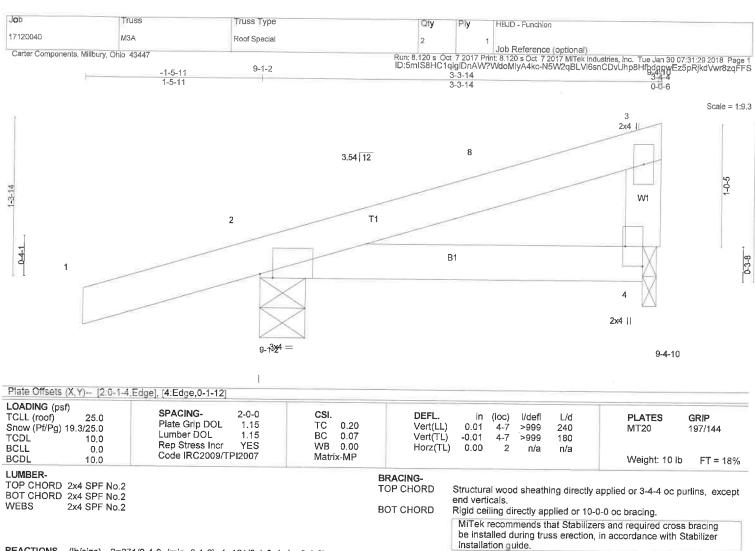
5) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

6) Bearing at joint(s) 4 considers parallel to grain value using ANSI/TPI 1 angle to grain formula. Building designer should verify capacity of bearing surface.

- 7) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate at joint(s) 4.

 8) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 2, 4.

 8) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 2, 4.
- 9) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2009 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.



REACTIONS.

(lb/size) 2=271/0-4-9 (min. 0-1-8), 4=121/0-1-6 (min. 0-1-8)

Max Horz 2=52(LC 9)

Max Uplift2=-111(LC 8), 4=-14(LC 10)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

NOTES-

- 1) Wind: ASCE 7-05; 90mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp C; enclosed; MWFRS (low-rise) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 2) TCLL: ASCE 7-05; Pr=25.0 psf (roof live load: Lumber DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pg=25.0 psf (ground snow); Pf=19.3 psf (flat roof snow: Lumber DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Category II; Exp C; Partially Exp.; Ct=1.1

3) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.

4) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 12.0 psf or 2.00 times flat roof load of 19.3 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.

5) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

6) Bearing at joint(s) 4 considers parallel to grain value using ANSI/TPI 1 angle to grain formula. Building designer should verify capacity of bearing surface.

Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate at joint(s) 4.

8) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 4 except (jt=lb) 2=111.

9) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2009 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.

Job Truss Truss Type Qty HBJD - Funchion 17120040 PB1 GABLE 3 Job Reference (ontional)

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ID:5mIS8HC1qlgIDnAW?WdoMlyA4kc-sH4Q2XM7VQ_epNUhFWfWCpA?WKZqqE0szHFTNazqFFR Carter Components, Millbury, Ohio 43447 20-8-12 11-0-14 11-0-14 11-0-14 4x5 = Scale = 1:45.1 5 16 15 8.00 12 8 9 3x4 =14 13 12 3x4 =11 10 5x6 == 20-8-12 0-8-12 21-5-0 0-8-12 22-1-11 20-8-4 0-8-12 Plate Offsets (X,Y)-- [12:0-3-0,0-3-0] LOADING (psf) SPACING-2-0-0 CSI. TCLL (roof) 25.0 DEFL in (loc) I/defi L/d **PLATES GRIP** Plate Grip DOL Snow (Pf/Pg) 19.3/25.0 1.15 TC 0.20 Vert(LL) n/a n/a 999 MT20 197/144 Lumber DOI TCDL 1 15 вс 0.10 Vert(TL) n/a 10.0 n/a 999 Rep Stress Incr YES ₩₿ 0.17 **BCLL** Horz(TL) 0.00 8 0.0 n/a n/a Code IRC2009/TPI2007 Matrix-S BCDL 10.0 Weight: 74 lb FT = 18% LUMBER. BRACING-TOP CHORD 2x4 SPF No.2 TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins. BOT CHORD 2x4 SPF No.2 Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing. **BOT CHORD OTHERS** 2x4 SPF No.2 MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide. REACTIONS. All bearings 22-2-7 (lb) - Max Horz 1=-226(LC 8) Max Uplift All uplift 100 lb or less at joint(s) 9, 2 except 1=-127(LC 8), 13=-162(LC 10), 14=-123(LC 10), 11=-162(LC 11), 10=-123(LC 11) Max Grav All reactions 250 lb or less at joint(s) 1, 9, 2, 8 except 12=282(LC 1), 13=395(LC 15), 14=306(LC 1), 11=395(LC 16), 10=306(LC 1) FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown. TOP CHORD 1-2=-262/266 **WEBS** 4-13=-313/212, 6-11=-313/212

NOTES-

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

2) Wind: ASCE 7-05; 90mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp C; enclosed; MWFRS (low-rise) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

3) Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For stude exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.

4) TCLL: ASCE 7-05; Pr=25.0 psf (roof live load: Lumber DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pg=25.0 psf (ground snow); Pf=19.3 psf (flat roof snow: Lumber DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Category II; Exp C; Partially Exp.; Ct=1.1

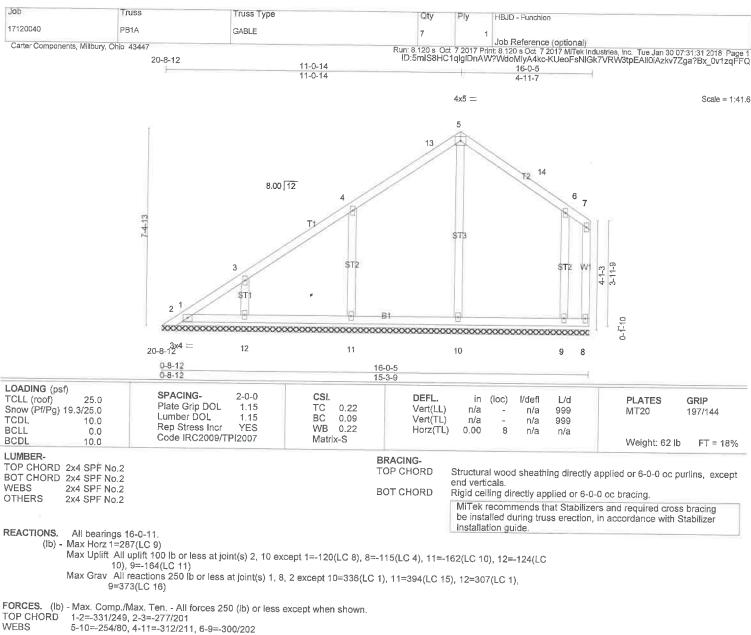
5) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.6) All plates are 2x4 MT20 unless otherwise indicated.

7) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.

8) Gable studs spaced at 4-0-0 oc.

- 9) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 10) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 9, 2 except (jt=lb) 1=127, 13=162, 14=123, 11=162, 10=123.
- 11) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2009 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.

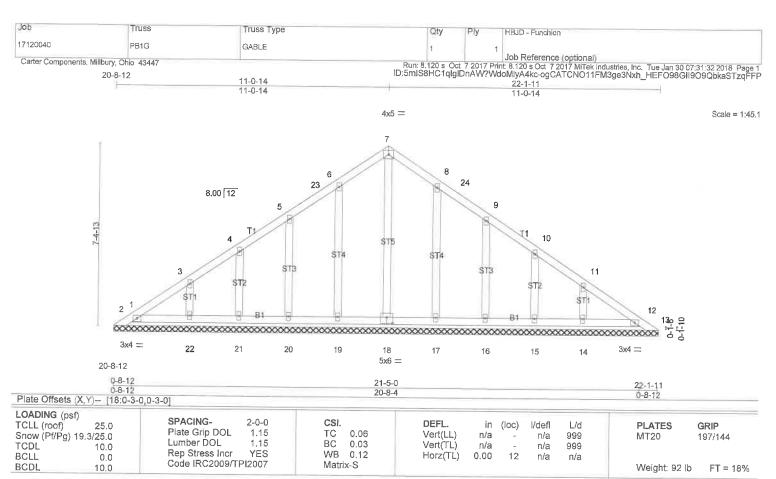
12) See Standard Industry Piggyback Truss Connection Detail for Connection to base truss as applicable, or consult qualified building designer.



NOTES-

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-05; 90mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp C; enclosed; MWFRS (low-rise) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 3) Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.
- 4) TCLL: ASCE 7-05; Pr=25.0 psf (roof live load: Lumber DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pg=25.0 psf (ground snow); Pf=19.3 psf (flat roof snow: Lumber DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Category II; Exp C; Partially Exp.; Ct=1.1
- 5) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design. 6) All plates are 2x4 MT20 unless otherwise indicated.
- 7) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
- 8) Gable studs spaced at 4-0-0 oc.
- 9) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 10) Bearing at joint(s) 1, 2 considers parallel to grain value using ANSI/TPI 1 angle to grain formula. Building designer should verify capacity of bearing surface.
- 11) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 2, 10 except (jt=lb) 1=120, 8=115, 11=162, 12=124, 9=164.
- 12) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2009 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1
- 13) See Standard Industry Piggyback Truss Connection Detail for Connection to base truss as applicable, or consult qualified building designer.



LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x4 SPF No.2 BOT CHORD 2x4 SPF No.2 2x4 SPF No.2 OTHERS

BRACING-

TOP CHORD **BOT CHORD**

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins. Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide.

REACTIONS. All bearings 22-2-7

(lb) - Max Horz 1=-226(LC 8)

Max Uplift All uplift 100 lb or less at joint(s) 13, 2, 19, 20, 21, 22, 17, 16, 15, 14 except 1=-136(LC 8) Max Grav All reactions 250 lb or less at joint(s) 1, 13, 2, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 17, 16, 15, 14, 12

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown. TOP CHORD 1-2=-266/270

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

2) Wind: ASCE 7-05; 90mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp C; enclosed; MWFRS (low-rise) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

3) Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1

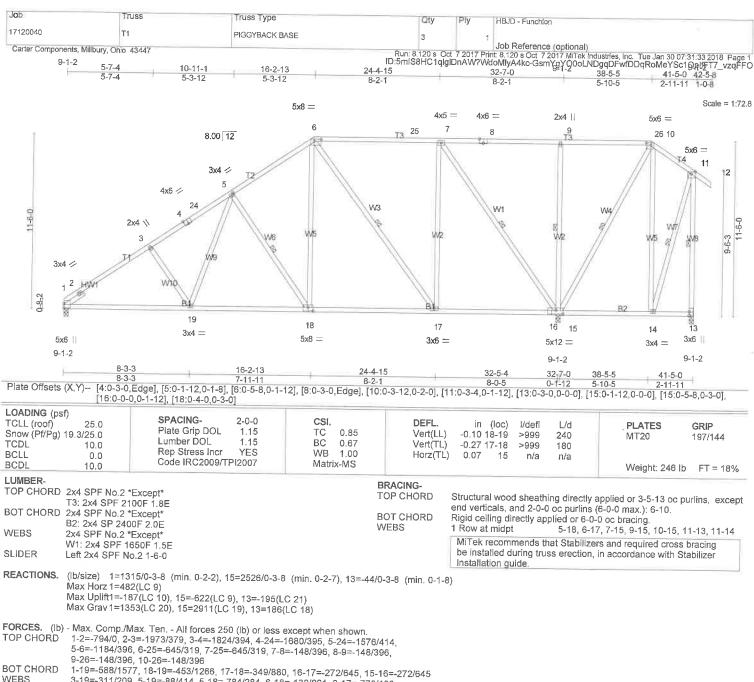
4) TCLL: ASCE 7-05; Pr=25.0 psf (roof live load: Lumber DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pg=25.0 psf (ground snow); Pf=19.3 psf (flat roof snow: Lumber DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Category II; Exp C; Partially Exp.; Ct=1.1

5) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
6) All plates are 2x4 MT20 unless otherwise indicated.

- 7) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.

8) Gable studs spaced at 2-0-0 oc.

- 9) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 10) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 13, 2, 19, 20, 21, 22, 17, 16, 15, 14 except (it=lb) 1=136.
- 11) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2009 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.
- 12) See Standard Industry Piggyback Truss Connection Detail for Connection to base truss as applicable, or consult qualified building designer



3-19=-311/209, 5-19=-88/414, 5-18=-784/284, 6-18=-139/821, 6-17=-770/190,

7-17=-51/786, 7-15=-1721/412, 9-15=-776/272, 10-15=-676/180, 10-14=-172/334,

11-14=-259/172

NOTES-

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

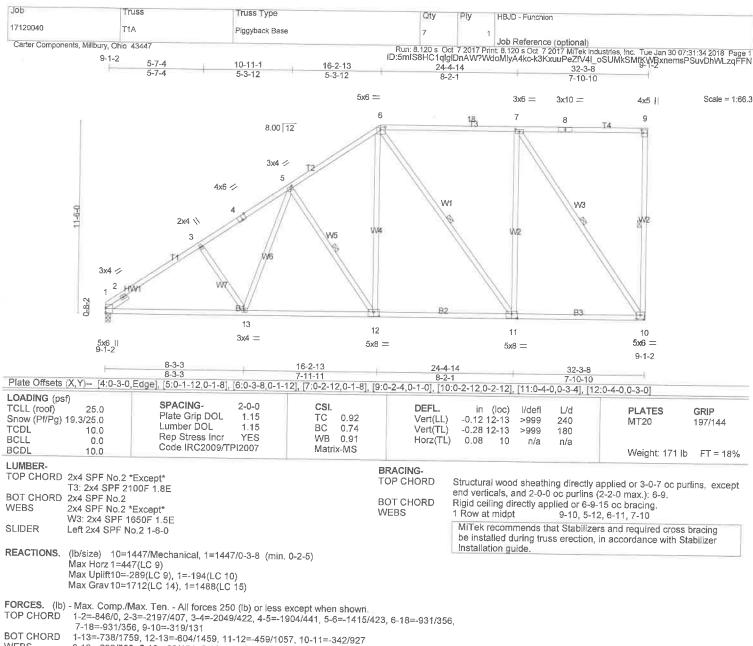
- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-05; 90mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp C; enclosed; MWFRS (low-rise) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 3) TCLL: ASCE 7-05; Pr=25.0 psf (roof live load: Lumber DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pg=25.0 psf (ground snow); Pf=19.3 psf (flat roof snow: Lumber DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Category II; Exp C; Partially Exp.; Ct=1.1, Lu=50-0-0; Min. flat roof snow load governs.

4) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.

5) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 12.0 psf or 2.00 times flat roof load of 19.3 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.

Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.

- 7) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads
- 8) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) except (jt=lb) 1=187 15=622, 13=195.
- 9) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2009 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.
- 10) Graphical purlin representation does not depict the size or the orientation of the purlin along the top and/or bottom chord.



WEBS 3-13=-299/208, 5-13=-88/401, 5-12=-780/284, 6-12=-137/815, 6-11=-590/201,

7-11=-38/655, 7-10=-1610/418

NOTES-

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-05; 90mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp C; enclosed; MWFRS (low-rise) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for
- reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
 3) TCLL: ASCE 7-05; Pr=25.0 psf (roof live load: Lumber DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pg=25.0 psf (ground snow); Pf=19.3 psf (flat roof snow: Lumber DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Category II; Exp C; Partially Exp.; Ct=1.1, Lu=50-0-0; Min. flat roof snow load governs.

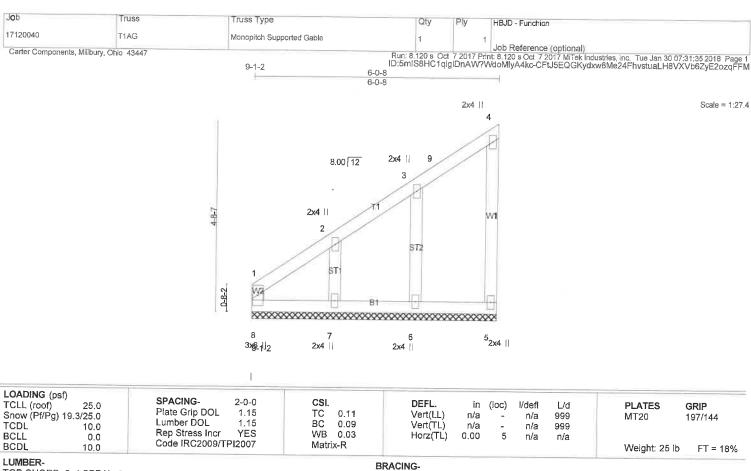
4) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.

- 5) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.
- 6) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

7) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.

- 8) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) except (jt=lb) 10=289, 1=194
- 9) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2009 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.

10) Graphical purlin representation does not depict the size or the orientation of the purlin along the top and/or bottom chord.



TOP CHORD 2x4 SPF No.2 BOT CHORD 2x4 SPF No.2

2x4 SPF No.2 WEBS OTHERS 2x4 SPF No.2

TOP CHORD **BOT CHORD**

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

Installation guide.

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins, except end verticals.

MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer

REACTIONS. All bearings 6-0-8.

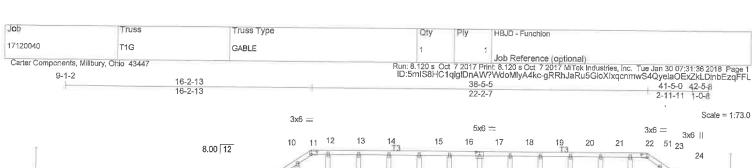
(lb) - Max Horz 8=173(LC 9)

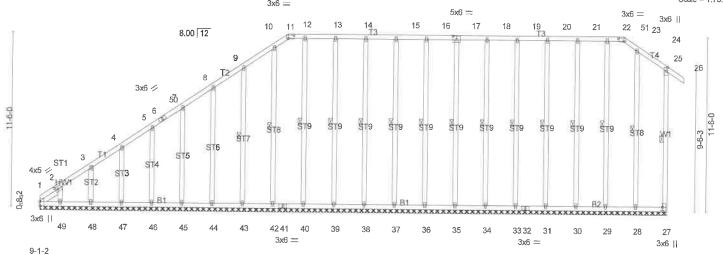
Max Uplift All uplift 100 lb or less at joint(s) 8, 5, 6 except 7=-123(LC 10)

Max Grav All reactions 250 lb or less at joint(s) 8, 5, 6, 7

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown. TOP CHORD 1-2=-267/92

- 1) Wind: ASCE 7-05; 90mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp C; enclosed; MWFRS (low-rise) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 2) Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.
- 3) TCLL: ASCE 7-05; Pr=25.0 psf (roof live load: Lumber DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pg=25.0 psf (ground snow); Pf=19.3 psf (flat roof snow: Lumber DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Category II; Exp C; Partially Exp.; Ct=1.1
- 4) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
- 5) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing
- 6) Truss to be fully sheathed from one face or securely braced against lateral movement (i.e. diagonal web).
- 7) Gable studs spaced at 2-0-0 oc.
- 8) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 9) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 8, 5, 6 except (jt=lb) 7 = 123
- 10) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2009 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.





41-5-0 Plate Offsets (X,Y)-- [1:0-3-8,Edge], [2:0-2-2,0-2-0], [11:0-4-8,0-2-8], [17:0-3-0,0-3-0], [23:0-4-8,0-2-8], [25:0-3-0,0-1-0], [27:0-3-0,0-0-8] LOADING (psf) SPACING-2-0-0 CSI. DEFL. TCLL (roof) 25.0 in (loc) I/defl L/d**PLATES** GRIP Plate Grip DOL 1.15 TC 0.48 Vert(LL) -0.01 25-26 Snow (Pf/Pg) 19.3/25.0 n/r 90 MT20 197/144 Lumber DOL 1.15 ВС 0.21 Vert(TL) -0.01 25-26 TCDL 10.0 n/r 120 Rep Stress Incr YES WB 0.23 Horz(TL) 0.01 27 BCLL 0.0 n/a n/a Code IRC2009/TPI2007 Matrix-S Wind(LL) 0.03 25-26 BCDL 10.0 n/r 120 Weight: 313 lb FT = 18%

41-5-0

LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x4 SPF No.2 BOT CHORD 2x4 SPF No.2

WEBS 2x4 SPF No.2

2x4 SPF No.2 **OTHERS**

SLIDER Left 2x4 SPF No.2 1-5-7

BRACING-TOP CHORD

BOT CHORD WEBS

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins, except end verticals, and 2-0-0 oc purlins (6-0-0 max.): 11-23.

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 6-0-0 oc bracing.

1 Row at midpt

25-27, 9-43, 10-42, 12-40, 13-39, 14-38, 15-37, 16-36, 17-35, 18-34, 19-33, 20-31, 21-30, 22-29, 24-28

MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide

REACTIONS. All bearings 41-5-0

(lb) - Max Horz 1=492(LC 9)

Max Uplift All uplift 100 lb or less at joint(s) 48, 47, 46, 45, 44, 43, 42, 40, 39, 38, 37, 36, 35, 34, 33, 31, 30, 29 except 1=-200(LC 8), 27=-219(LC 11), 49=-145(LC 10)

Max Grav All reactions 250 lb or less at joint(s) 49, 48, 47, 45, 42, 40, 29, 28 except 1=357(LC 9), 27=266(LC 20), 46=256(LC 20), 44=250(LC 20), 43=255(LC 20), 39=253(LC 19), 38=250(LC 19), 37=251(LC 19), 36=251(LC 19), 35=251(LC 19), 34=251(LC 19), 33=251(LC 19), 31=250(LC 19), 30=253(LC 19)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

TOP CHORD 1-2=-530/318, 2-3=-423/275, 3-4=-378/269, 4-5=-334/263, 5-6=-289/246, 6-50=-282/251,

7-50=-277/258, 7-8=-244/252, 9-10=-159/260, 10-11=-91/254, 11-12=-88/254,

12-13=-88/254, 13-14=-88/254, 14-15=-88/254, 15-16=-88/254, 16-17=-88/254, 17-18=-88/254, 18-19=-88/254, 19-20=-88/254, 20-21=-88/254, 21-22=

22-51=-88/254, 23-51=-88/254, 24-25=-136/312, 25-27=-251/297

- 1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
 2) Wind: ASCE 7-05; 90mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp C; enclosed; MWFRS (low-rise) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 3) Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.

 4) TCLL: ASCE 7-05; Pr=25.0 psf (roof live load: Lumber DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pg=25.0 psf (ground snow); Pf=19.3 psf (flat roof
- snow: Lumber DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Category II; Exp C; Partially Exp.; Ct=1.1, Lu=50-0-0; Min. flat roof snow load governs.

5) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.

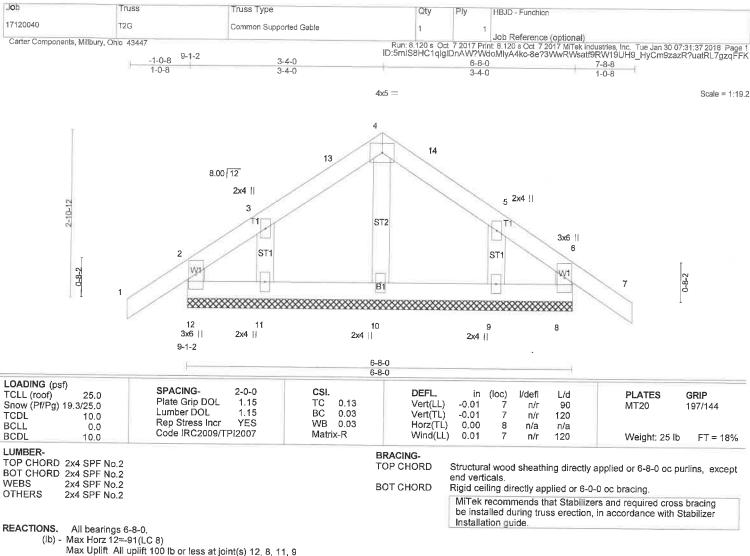
- 6) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 12.0 psf or 2.00 times flat roof load of 19.3 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.
- 7) Provide adequate drainage to prevent water ponding.
- 8) All plates are 2x4 MT20 unless otherwise indicated.
- 9) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing

10) Gable studs spaced at 2-0-0 oc. Continued on page 2

Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	IPly	HBJD - Function
17120040	T1G	GABLE	1	1	
Carter Components, Millbury, Ohio 43447			Run: 8.120 s Oct	7 2017 Prin	Job Reference (optional) ht 8.120 s Oct 7 2017 MiTek Industries, Inc. Tue Jan 30 07:31:36 2018 Page 2
NOTES-			ID:5mlS8HC1	qlglDnAW?	WdoMlyA4kc-gRRhJaRu5GloXlxqcnmwS4QyelaOExZkLDinbEzqFFL

NOTES-

NOTES11) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
12) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 48, 47, 46, 45, 44, 43, 42, 40, 39, 38, 37, 36, 35, 34, 33, 31, 30, 29 except (jt=lb) 1=200, 27=219, 49=145.
13) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2009 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.
14) Graphical purlin representation does not depict the size or the orientation of the purlin along the top and/or bottom chord.



Max Grav All reactions 250 lb or less at joint(s) 12, 8, 10, 11, 9

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-05; 90mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp C; enclosed; MWFRS (low-rise) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for
- reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

 3) Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For study exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.
- 4) TCLL: ASCE 7-05; Pr=25.0 psf (roof live load: Lumber DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pg=25.0 psf (ground snow); Pf=19.3 psf (flat roof snow: Lumber DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Category II; Exp C; Partially Exp.; Ct=1.1

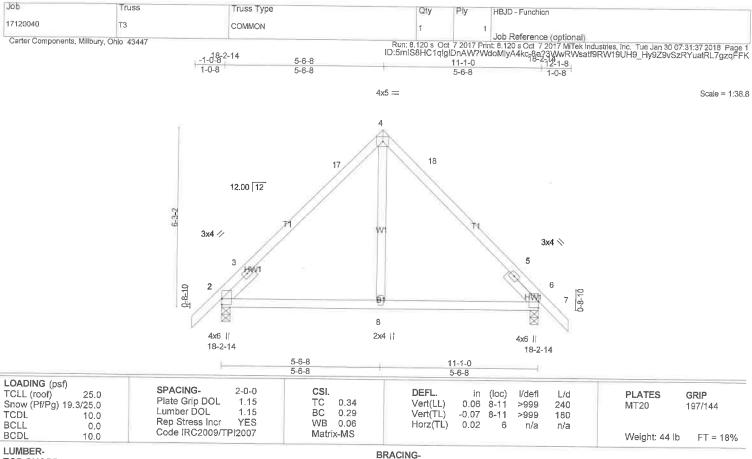
5) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.

6) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 12.0 psf or 2.00 times flat roof load of 19.3 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.

7) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.

8) Truss to be fully sheathed from one face or securely braced against lateral movement (i.e. diagonal web). 9) Gable studs spaced at 2-0-0 oc.

- 10) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 11) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 12, 8, 11, 9. 12) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2009 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.



TOP CHORD

BOT CHORD

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins.

MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing

be installed during truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

Installation guide.

TOP CHORD 2x4 SPF No.2 2x4 SPF No.2

BOT CHORD WEBS

SLIDER

2x4 SPF No.2 Left 2x4 SPF No.2 1-6-0, Right 2x4 SPF No.2 1-6-0

(lb/size) 2=572/0-3-8 (min. 0-1-8), 6=572/0-3-8 (min. 0-1-8) REACTIONS.

Max Horz 2=-179(LC 8)

Max Uplift2=-111(LC 10), 6=-111(LC 11)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown. TOP CHORD 2-3=-307/48, 3-17=-481/121, 4-17=-309/143, 4-18=-309/143, 5-18=-481/121, 5-6=-308/48

BOT CHORD 2-8=-7/263, 6-8=-7/263

WEBS 4-8=-18/251

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

2) Wind: ASCE 7-05; 90mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp C; enclosed; MWFRS (low-rise) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

3) TCLL: ASCE 7-05; Pr=25.0 psf (roof live load: Lumber DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pg=25.0 psf (ground snow); Pf=19.3 psf (flat roof snow: Lumber DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Category II; Exp C; Partially Exp.; Ct=1.1

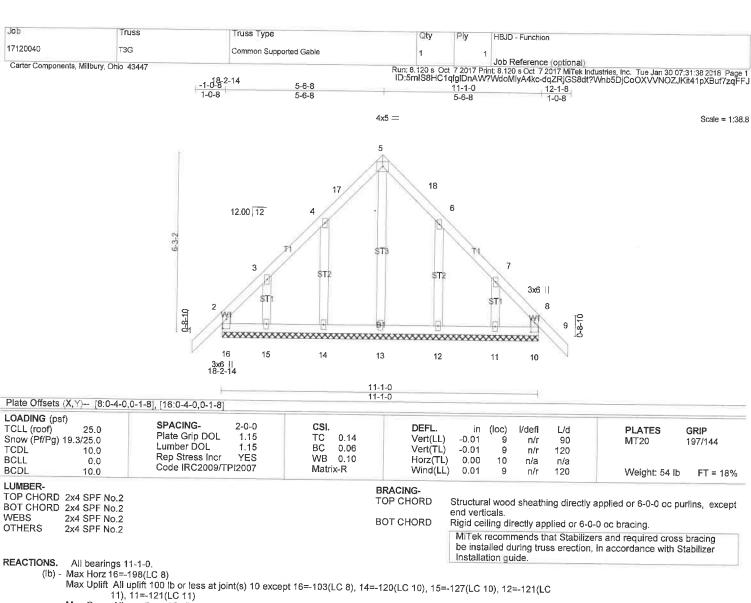
4) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.

5) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 12.0 psf or 2.00 times flat roof load of 19.3 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.

6) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

7) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) except (jt=lb) 2=111, 6=111.

8) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2009 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.



Max Grav All reactions 250 lb or less at joint(s) 16, 10, 13, 14, 15, 12, 11

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

NOTES-

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-05; 90mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp C; enclosed; MWFRS (low-rise) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 3) Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1
- 4) TCLL: ASCE 7-05; Pr=25.0 psf (roof live load: Lumber DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pg=25.0 psf (ground snow); Pf=19.3 psf (flat roof snow: Lumber DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Category II; Exp C; Partially Exp.; Ct=1.1

5) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.

- 6) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 12.0 psf or 2.00 times flat roof load of 19.3 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.
- 7) All plates are 2x4 MT20 unless otherwise indicated.

8) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.

9) Truss to be fully sheathed from one face or securely braced against lateral movement (i.e. diagonal web). 10) Gable studs spaced at 2-0-0 oc.

11) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

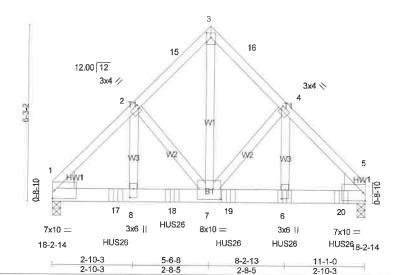
- 12) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 10 except (jt=lb) 16=103, 14=120, 15=127, 12=121, 11=121.
- 13) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2009 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.

Job Truss Truss Type Qty HBJD - Function 17120040 T3GT COMMON GIRDER Run: 8.120 s Oct 7 2017 Print: 8.120 s Oct 7 2017 MiTek industries, Inc. Tue Jan 30 07:31:39 2018 Page 1 ID:5mlS8HC1qlglDnAW?WdoMlyA4kg507qxbTnOB7NOlgPHvJd3i2XAycXRDZB1BxRCZzqFFI 8-2-13 11-1-0 Carter Components, Millbury, Ohio 43447 18-2-14 5-6-8

2-10-3 2-8-5 2-10-3

4x5 []

Scale = 1:39.3



BRACING-

TOP CHORD

BOT CHORD

Plate Offsets (X,Y)-- [2:0-0-12,0-1-8], [3:0-2-0,0-2-0], [4:0-0-12,0-1-8], [6:0-3-12,0-1-8], [7:0-5-0,0-4-4], [8:0-3-12,0-1-8] LOADING (psf) SPACING-2-0-0 CSI. DEFL I/def **PLATES** TCLL (roof) L/d 25.0 Plate Grip DOL 1.15 TC 0.20 Vert(LL) Snow (Pf/Pg) 19.3/25.0 -0.037-8 >999 240 MT20

Lumber DOL 1.15 BC 0.25 Vert(TL) -0.087-8 >999 180 TCDL 10.0 Rep Stress Incr WB 0.54 Horz(TL) 0.01 5 n/a n/a **BCLL** 0.0 Code IRC2009/TPI2007 Matrix-MS BCDI 10.0

Weight: 139 lb FT = 18%

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 5-9-13 oc purlins.

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

GRIP

197/144

LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x4 SPF No.2 BOT CHORD 2x6 SP 2400F 2.0E 2x4 SPF No.2 WEBS WEDGE

Left: 2x8 SP 2400F 2.0E, Right: 2x8 SP 2400F 2.0E

REACTIONS. (lb/size) 1=3838/0-3-8 (min. 0-1-9), 5=4785/0-3-8 (min. 0-2-0)

Max Horz 1=174(LC 7)

Max Uplift1=-585(LC 9), 5=-732(LC 8)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

TOP CHORD 1-2=-4452/711, 2-15=-3302/588, 3-15=-3196/600, 3-16=-3199/600, 4-16=-3306/588, 4-5=-4625/737

BOT CHORD 1-17=-507/3069, 8-17=-507/3069, 8-18=-507/3069, 7-18=-507/3069, 7-19=-468/3203,

6-19=-468/3203, 6-20=-468/3203, 5-20=-468/3203

3-7=-757/4368, 4-7=-1366/329, 4-6=-270/1811, 2-7=-1162/296, 2-8=-227/1550 **WEBS**

NOTES-

1) 2-ply truss to be connected together with 10d (0.131"x3") nails as follows:

Top chords connected as follows: 2x4 - 1 row at 0-7-0 oc.

Bottom chords connected as follows: 2x6 - 2 rows staggered at 0-5-0 oc.

Webs connected as follows: 2x4 - 1 row at 0-9-0 oc.

2) All loads are considered equally applied to all plies, except if noted as front (F) or back (B) face in the LOAD CASE(S) section. Ply to ply connections have been provided to distribute only loads noted as (F) or (B), unless otherwise indicated.

3) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

4) Wind: ASCE 7-05; 90mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp C; enclosed; MWFRS (low-rise) gable end zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

5) TCLL: ASCE 7-05; Pr=25.0 psf (roof live load: Lumber DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pg=25.0 psf (ground snow); Pf=19.3 psf (flat roof snow: Lumber DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Category II; Exp C; Partially Exp.; Ct=1.1

6) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.

7) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

- 8) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) except (jt=lb) 1=585, 5=732
- 9) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2009 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.
- 10) Use USP HUS26 (With 16d nails into Girder & 16d nails into Truss) or equivalent spaced at 2-0-0 oc max. starting at 2-2-12 from the left end to 10-2-12 to connect truss(es) T5A (1 ply 2x4 SPF) to front face of bottom chord.

11) Fill all nail holes where hanger is in contact with lumber.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard

Continued on page 2

Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	HBJD - Function		
17120040	тзст	COMMON GIRDER	1	2			
Carter Components, Millbury, O	his 40 4477				Job Reference (optional)		
Caster Components, Milibury, O	пю 43447	Run ID:5	Run: 8.120 s Oct 7 2017 Print 8.120 s Oct 7 2017 MiTek Industries, Inc. Tue Jan 30 07:31:39 2018 Page 2 ID:5mIS8HC1qlgIDnAW?WdoMlyA4kc-507qxbTnOB7NOlgPHvJd3i2XAycXRDZB1BxRCZzqFFI				

LOAD CASE(S) Standard

1) Dead + Roof Live (balanced): Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15
Uniform Loads (plf)
Vert: 1-3=-70, 3-5=-70, 9-12=-20
Concentrated Loads (lb)
Vert: 6=-1525(F) 17=-1525(F) 18=-1525(F) 19=-1525(F) 20=-1526(F)

Jab Truss Truss Type Otv Ply HBJD - Function 17120040 T4G Common Supported Gable Job Reference (optional)

Run: 8.120 s Oct 7 2017 Print 8.120 s Oct 7 2017 MiTek industries, inc. Tue Jan 30 07:31:40 2018 Page 1
ID:5mlS8HC1qlgIDnAW?WdoMlyA4kc-ZChC8xUP9VFE0vFcrdrscwajuM_RAmikGrg?k?zqFFH Carter Components, Millbury, Ohio 43447 Run: 8.120 s -1-0-8-2-14 6-6-12 14-2-0 1-0-8 6-6-12 6-6-12 4x5 == Scale = 1:44.7 6 22 21 5 12.00 12 7-3-6 8 STE 3x6 II 3 ST 9 2 10 0-8-10 W 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 3x6 || 18-2-14 13-1-8 Plate Offsets (X,Y)-- [10:0-4-0,0-1-8], [20:0-4-0,0-1-8] LOADING (psf) SPACING-2-0-0 CSI. TCLL (roof) DEFL 25.0 in (loc) l/defl I/d PLATES. **GRIP** Plate Grip DOL 1.15 TC BC Snow (Pf/Pg) 19.3/25.0 0.14 Vert(LL) -0.01 11 n/r 90 MT20 197/144 Lumber DOL 1.15 TCDL 0.08 Vert(TL) 10.0 -0.01 11 n/r 120 Rep Stress Incr YES WB **BCLL** 0.16 Horz(TL) 0.00 0.0 12 n/a n/a Code IRC2009/TPI2007 BCDL 10.0 Matrix-R Wind(LL) 0.01 11 120 n/r Weight: 67 lb FT = 18% LUMBER-BRACING-TOP CHORD 2x4 SPF No.2 TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins, except BOT CHORD 2x4 SPF No.2 end verticals. WEBS 2x4 SPF No.2 **BOT CHORD** Rigid ceiling directly applied or 6-0-0 oc bracing. OTHERS 2x4 SPF No.2 MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide. All bearings 13-1-8

REACTIONS.

(lb) - Max Horz 20=230(LC 9)

Max Uplift All uplift 100 lb or less at joint(s) except 20=-233(LC 8), 12=-163(LC 9), 17=-120(LC 10), 18=-121(LC 10), 19=-233(LC 9), 15=-119(LC 11), 14=-122(LC 11), 13=-193(LC 8)

Max Grav All reactions 250 lb or less at joint(s) 16, 17, 18, 19, 15, 14, 13 except 20=323(LC 9), 12=253(LC 8)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown. TOP CHORD 2-3=-259/178

NOTES-

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
2) Wind: ASCE 7-05; 90mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp C; enclosed; MWFRS (low-rise) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

3) Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1

4) TCLL: ASCE 7-05; Pr=25.0 psf (roof live load: Lumber DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pg=25.0 psf (ground snow); Pf=19.3 psf (flat roof snow: Lumber DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Category II; Exp C; Partially Exp.; Ct=1.1

5) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.

6) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 12.0 psf or 2.00 times flat roof load of 19.3 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.

All plates are 2x4 MT20 unless otherwise indicated.

- 8) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
- 9) Truss to be fully sheathed from one face or securely braced against lateral movement (i.e. diagonal web). 10) Gable studs spaced at 2-0-0 oc.

- This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 12) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 233 lb uplift at joint 20, 163 lb uplift at joint 12, 120 lb uplift at joint 17, 121 lb uplift at joint 18, 233 lb uplift at joint 19, 119 lb uplift at joint 15, 122 lb uplift at joint 14 and 193 lb uplift
- 13) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2009 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.

Job Truss Truss Type Qty Ply HBJD - Funchion 17120040 T4GT COMMON GIRDER | 2 | Job Reference (optional) | Run: 8.120 s Oct 7 2017 Print 8.120 s Oct 7 2017 MITek Industries, Inc. Tue Jan 30 07:31:40 2018 Page 1 | ID:5mIS8HC1qlgIDnAW7WdoMIyA4k6-ZCDc8xUP9VFE0vFcrdrscwai6MxwAetKGrg?k?zqFFH | 9-9-3 13-18 18-2-14 Carter Components, Millbury, Ohio 43447 18-2-14

6-6-12 3-2-7 9-9-3 13-1-8

4x5 ||

Scale = 1:45.6

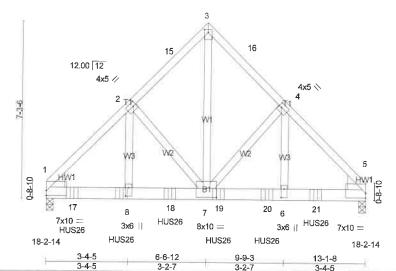


Plate Offsets (X,Y)-- [1:0-0-0,0-2-5], [2:0-1-8,0-2-0], [3:0-1-8,0-2-0], [4:0-1-8,0-2-0], [5:0-0-0,0-2-5], [6:0-4-4,0-1-8], [7:0-5-0,0-4-8], [8:0-4-4,0-1-8] LOADING (psf) SPACING-2-0-0 CSL DEFL I/defl **PLATES** TCLL (roof) (loc) L/d GRIP 25.0 Plate Grip DOL Snow (Pf/Pg) 19.3/25.0 1.15 TC BC 0.26 Vert(LL) -0.05 7-**8** >999 240 MT20 197/144 Lumber DOL 1.15 0.30 Vert(TL) -0.11 7-8 TCDL >999 180 10.0 Rep Stress Incr NO WB 0.66 Horz(TL) 0.02 **BCLL** 5 n/a n/a 0.0 Code IRC2009/TPI2007 Matrix-MS BCDL Weight: 163 lb FT = 18% 10.0

BRACING-

TOP CHORD

BOT CHORD

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 5-2-0 oc purlins.

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x4 SPF No.2 BOT CHORD 2x6 SP 2400F 2.0E 2x4 SPF No.2 WEBS

WEDGE

Left: 2x8 SP 2400F 2.0E, Right: 2x8 SP 2400F 2.0E

REACTIONS. (lb/size) 1=5479/0-3-8 (min. 0-2-4), 5=4851/0-3-8 (min. 0-2-0)

Max Horz 1=-206(LC 6)

Max Uplift1=-838(LC 9), 5=-740(LC 8)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

TOP CHORD 1-2=-5688/905, 2-15=-4038/715, 3-15=-3956/729, 3-16=-3955/729, 4-16=-4037/715,

4-5=-5565/885

BOT CHORD 1-17=-646/3945, 8-17=-646/3945, 8-18=-646/3945, 7-18=-646/3945, 7-19=-564/3854,

19-20=-564/3854, 6-20=-564/3854, 6-21=-564/3854, 5-21=-564/3854

WEBS 3-7=-924/5363, 4-7=-1568/381, 4-6=-303/2064, 2-7=-1706/402, 2-8=-329/2248

NOTES-

 2-ply truss to be connected together with 10d (0.131"x3") nails as follows: Top chords connected as follows: 2x4 - 1 row at 0-7-0 oc. Bottom chords connected as follows: 2x6 - 2 rows staggered at 0-6-0 oc.

Webs connected as follows: 2x4 - 1 row at 0-9-0 oc.

2) All loads are considered equally applied to all plies, except if noted as front (F) or back (B) face in the LOAD CASE(S) section. Ply to ply connections have been provided to distribute only loads noted as (F) or (B), unless otherwise indicated. 3) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

4) Wind: ASCE 7-05; 90mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp C; enclosed; MWFRS (low-rise) gable end zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
5) TCLL: ASCE 7-05; Pr=25.0 psf (roof live load: Lumber DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pg=25.0 psf (ground snow); Pf=19.3 psf (flat roof

snow: Lumber DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Category II; Exp C; Partially Exp.; Ct=1.1

6) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.

7) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

- 8) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 838 lb uplift at joint 1 and 740 lb uplift at joint
- 9) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2009 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1
- 10) Use USP HUS26 (With 16d nails into Girder & 16d nails into Truss) or equivalent spaced at 2-0-0 oc max. starting at 1-0-12 from the left end to 11-0-12 to connect truss(es) T5A (1 ply 2x4 SPF) to front face of bottom chord.

11) Fill all nail holes where hanger is in contact with lumber.

LOAD CASE(S) Standard

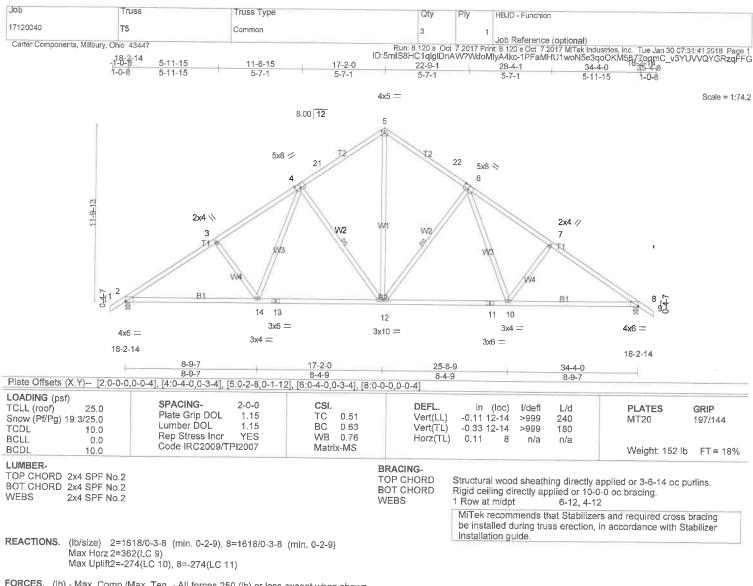
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Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qtv	Plv	HBJD - Function
17120040	T4GT	COMMON GIRDER	1		TIBSD - Palicinon
Carter Components, Millbury,	Ohio 43447		Dun; 9 120 a O-t 7	Z	Job Reference (optional)

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LOAD CASE(S) Standard

1) Dead + Roof Live (balanced): Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15
Uniform Loads (plf)
Vert: 1-3=-70, 3-5=-70, 9-12=-20
Concentrated Loads (lb)
Vert: 8=-1525(F) 17=-1525(F) 18=-1525(F) 19=-1525(F) 20=-1525(F) 21=-1525(F)



FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

TOP CHORD 2-3=-2321/434, 3-4=-2095/464, 4-21=-1496/403, 5-21=-1377/436, 5-22=-1377/437, 6-22=-1496/403, 6-7=-2095/464, 7-8=-2321/434

BOT CHORD 2-14=-321/1840, 13-14=-167/1510, 12-13=-167/1510, 11-12=-99/1510, 10-11=-99/1510,

8-10=-240/1840

WEBS 5-12=-324/1164, 6-12=-626/291, 6-10=-80/447, 7-10=-315/218, 4-12=-626/291,

4-14=-79/447, 3-14=-315/218

NOTES-

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

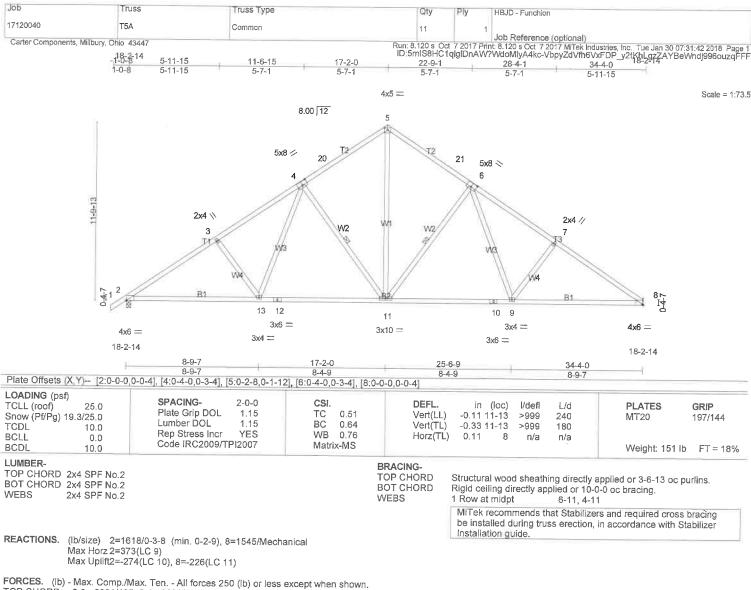
- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-05; 90mph; TCDL=6.0psf, BCDL=6.0psf, h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp C; enclosed; MWFRS (low-rise) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 3) TCLL: ASCE 7-05; Pr=25.0 psf (roof live load: Lumber DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pg=25.0 psf (ground snow); Pf=19.3 psf (flat roof snow: Lumber DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Category II; Exp C; Partially Exp.; Ct=1.1

4) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.

5) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 12.0 psf or 2.00 times flat roof load of 19.3 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.

- 6) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

 7) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 274 lb uplift at joint 2 and 274 lb uplift at joint
- 8) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2009 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.



2-3=-2321/435, 3-4=-2096/464, 4-20=-1497/403, 5-20=-1377/437, 5-21=-1377/437, 6-21=-1497/403, 6-7=-2098/465, 7-8=-2323/435 TOP CHORD

BOT CHORD 2-13=-337/1841, 12-13=-183/1511, 11-12=-183/1511, 10-11=-123/1511, 9-10=-123/1511, 8-9=-264/1843

WEBS 5-11=-325/1165, 6-11=-627/292, 6-9=-81/449, 7-9=-316/219, 4-11=-626/291, 4-13=-79/447, 3-13=-315/217

NOTES-

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-05; 90mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp C; enclosed; MWFRS (low-rise) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 3) TCLL: ASCE 7-05; Pr=25.0 psf (roof live load: Lumber DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pg=25.0 psf (ground snow); Pf=19.3 psf (flat roof snow: Lumber DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Category II; Exp C; Partially Exp.; Ct=1.1

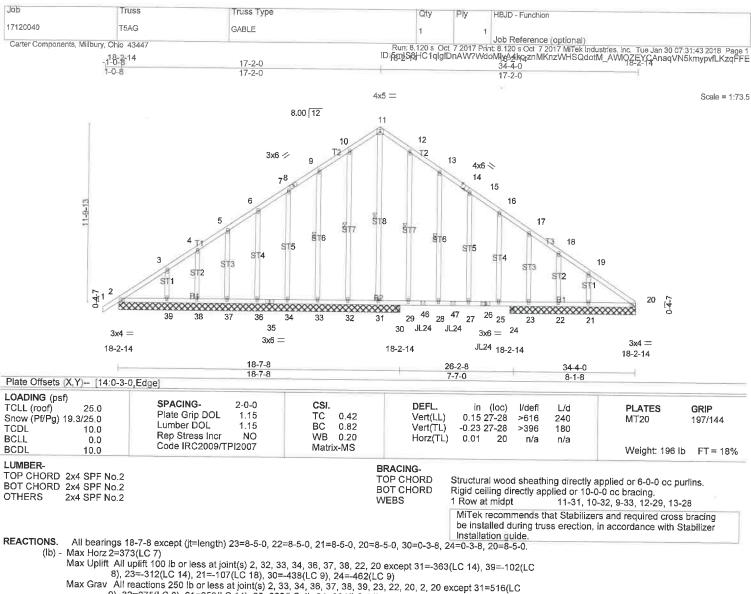
4) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.

5) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 12.0 psf or 2.00 times flat roof load of 19.3 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.

6) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

7) Refer to girder(s) for truss to truss connections.

- 8) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 274 lb uplift at joint 2 and 226 lb uplift at joint
- 9) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2009 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.



9), 32=275(LC 3), 21=253(LC 14), 30=922(LC 4), 24=904(LC 14)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown. TOP CHORD 2-3=-323/216, 3-4=-263/201, 9-10=-65/250, 10-11=-69/288, 11-12=-103/296 11-31=-275/0, 12-29=-399/194, 16-25=-307/184 **WEBS**

NOTES-

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-05; 90mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp C; enclosed; MWFRS (low-rise) gable end zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 3) Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.

 4) TCLL: ASCE 7-05; Pr=25.0 psf (roof live load: Lumber DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pg=25.0 psf (ground snow); Pf=19.3 psf (flat roof
- snow: Lumber DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Category II; Exp C; Partially Exp.; Ct=1.1
- 5) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
- 6) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 12.0 psf or 2.00 times flat roof load of 19.3 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads
- All plates are 2x4 MT20 unless otherwise indicated.
- 8) Gable studs spaced at 2-0-0 oc.
- 9) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 10) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 2, 32, 33, 34, 36, 37, 38, 22, 20, 2, 20 except (jt=lb) 31=363, 39=102, 23=312, 21=107, 30=438, 24=462,
- 11) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2009 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1
- 12) Use USP JL24 (With 10d nails into Girder & NA9D nails into Truss) or equivalent spaced at 2-0-0 oc max, starting at 20-1-12 from the left end to 24-1-12 to connect truss(es) J2 (1 ply 2x4 SPF) to back face of bottom chord.
- 13) Fill all nail holes where hanger is in contact with lumber.
- 14) In the LOAD CASE(S) section, loads applied to the face of the truss are noted as front (F) or back (B).

LOAD CASE(S) Standard

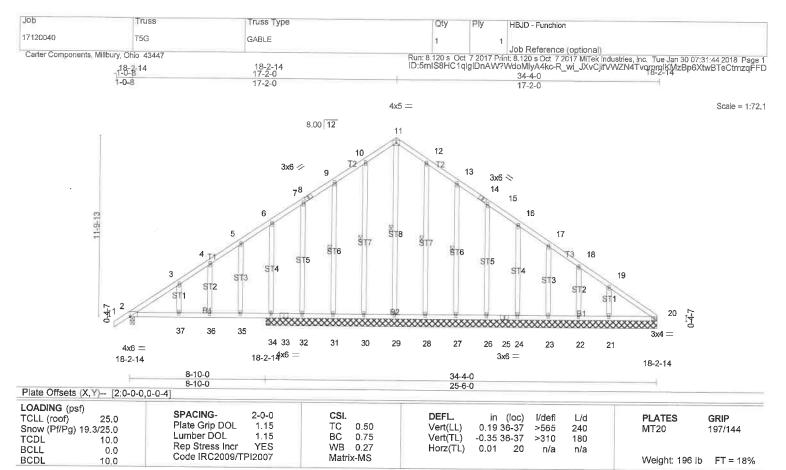
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lob	TT.				
Job	Truss	Truss Type	Qty	Ply	HBJD - Funchion
17120040	T5AG	GABLE	1	1	
Carter Components, Milibu	ry, Ohio 43447		Run: 8 120 e Oct	7 2017 Pd	Job Reference (optional)

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LOAD CASE(S) Standard

1) Dead + Roof Live (balanced): Lumber Increase=1.15, Plate Increase=1.15
Uniform Loads (plf)
Vert: 1-11=-70, 11-20=-70, 40-43=-20
Concentrated Loads (lb)
Vert: 26=-51(B) 46=-51(B) 47=-51(B)



LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x4 SPF No.2 BOT CHORD 2x4 SPF No.2 OTHERS 2x4 SPF No.2 BRACING-TOP CHORD BOT CHORD WEBS

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 4-6-5 oc purlins. Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing. 1 Row at midpt 11-29, 10-30, 9-31, 12-28, 13-27

MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide.

REACTIONS. All bearings 25-6-0 except (jt=length) 2=0-3-8, 34=0-3-8, 34=0-3-8.

(lb) - Max Horz 2=373(LC 9)

Max Uplift All uplift 100 lb or less at joint(s) 2, 30, 28, 27, 26, 24, 23, 22, 20 except 31=-117(LC 10), 32=-220(LC 15), 21=-108(LC 11), 34=-330(LC 10)

Max Grav All reactions 250 lb or less at joint(s) 30, 32, 28, 27, 26, 24, 23, 22, 20, 20 except 2=514(LC 1), 29=278(LC 11), 31=276(LC 1), 21=259(LC 16), 34=819(LC 15), 34=819(LC 1)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

TOP CHORD 2-3=-306/186, 3-4=-258/193, 9-10=-89/256, 10-11=-94/296, 11-12=-90/296

WEBS 11-29=-255/0, 6-34=-413/206

NOTES-

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-05; 90mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ff; Cat. II; Exp C; enclosed; MWFRS (low-rise) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 3) Truss designed for wind loads in the plane of the truss only. For studs exposed to wind (normal to the face), see Standard Industry Gable End Details as applicable, or consult qualified building designer as per ANSI/TPI 1.

4) TCLL: ASCE 7-05; Pr=25.0 psf (roof live load: Lumber DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pg=25.0 psf (ground snow); Pf=19.3 psf (flat roof snow: Lumber DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Category II; Exp C; Partially Exp.; Ct=1.1

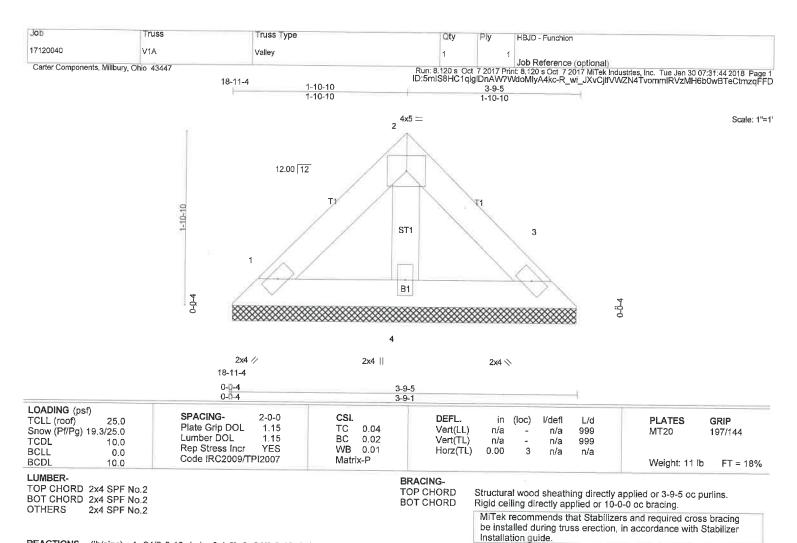
- 5) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
- 6) This truss has been designed for greater of min roof live load of 12.0 psf or 2.00 times flat roof load of 19.3 psf on overhangs non-concurrent with other live loads.

7) All plates are 2x4 MT20 unless otherwise indicated.

8) Gable studs spaced at 2-0-0 oc.

9) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

- 10) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 2, 30, 28, 27, 26, 24, 23, 22, 20, 20 except (jt=lb) 31=117, 32=220, 21=108, 34=330.
- 11) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2009 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.



REACTIONS. (lb/size) 1=84/3-8-13 (min. 0-1-8), 3=84/3-8-13 (min. 0-1-8), 4=109/3-8-13 (min. 0-1-8) Max Horz 1=-48(LC 8)

Max Uplift1=-23(LC 11), 3=-23(LC 11)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

NOTES:

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-05; 90mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp C; enclosed; MWFRS (low-rise) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

 3) TCLL: ASCE 7-05; Pr=25.0 psf (roof live load: Lumber DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pg=25.0 psf (ground snow); Pf=19.3 psf (flat roof snow: Lumber DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Category II; Exp C; Partially Exp.; Ct=1.1; Min. flat roof snow load governs.

4) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.

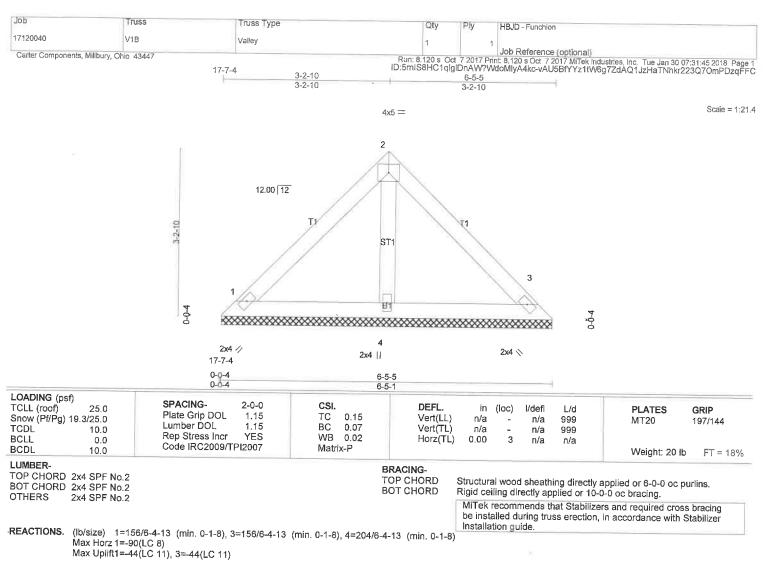
5) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.

6) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

7) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 1, 3.

8) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2009 International Residential Code sections REGO 114 and Residential Code sections.

8) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2009 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.



1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

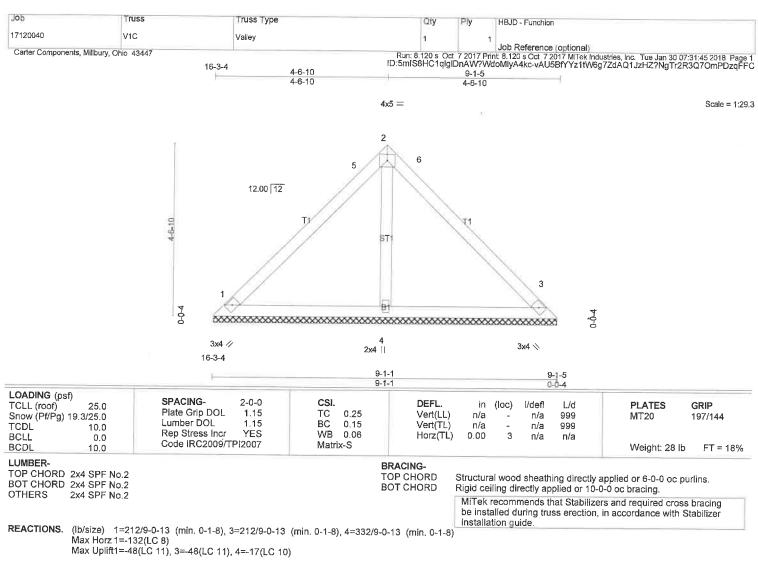
- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-05; 90mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp C; enclosed; MWFRS (low-rise) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 3) TCLL: ASCE 7-05; Pr=25.0 psf (roof live load: Lumber DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pg=25.0 psf (ground snow); Pf=19.3 psf (flat roof snow: Lumber DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Category II; Exp C; Partially Exp.; Ct=1.1

4) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.

5) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.

6) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
7) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 1, 3.

8) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2009 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.



NOTES:

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-05; 90mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp C; enclosed; MWFRS (low-rise) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 3) TCLL: ASCE 7-05; Pr=25.0 psf (roof live load: Lumber DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pg=25.0 psf (ground snow); Pf=19.3 psf (flat roof snow: Lumber DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Category II; Exp C; Partially Exp.; Ct=1.1

4) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.

5) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.

6) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

7) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 1, 3, 4.

8) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2009 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.

Truss Type Qty HBJD - Funchion 17120040 V1D Valley Job Reference (optional)

Run: 8.120 s Oct 7 2017 Print 8.120 s Oct 7 2017 MiTek Industries, Inc. Tue Jan 30 07:31:46 2018 Page 1
ID:5mlS8HC1qlg|DnAW?WdoMlyA4kc-OM2TP?YAkL?NkqilBtxGrBqlfn1SaUFDen7JxfzqFFB Carter Components, Millbury, Ohio 43447 14-11-4 5-10-10 11-9-5 5-10-10 4x5 = Scale = 1:36.3 3 10 12.00 12 5-10-10 2x4 II 4 2x4 || 2 ST 3x4 // 3x4 💉 2x4 | 2x4 || 2x4 || 14-11-4 0-0-4 11-9-5 11-9-1 LOADING (psf) SPACING-2-0-0 CSI. DEFL. TCLL (roof) in (loc) I/defI L/d **PLATES** GRIP Plate Grip DOL 1.15 TC 0.19 Vert(LL) Snow (Pf/Pg) 19.3/25.0 n/a n/a 999 MT20 197/144 Lumber DOL 1.15 BC 0.10 TCDL Vert(TL) 10.0 n/a n/a 999 Rep Stress Incr YES WB 0.09 Horz(TL) 0.00 BCLL 0.0 5 n/a n/a Code IRC2009/TPI2007 Matrix-S BCDL 10.0 Weight: 40 lb FT = 18% LUMBER-BRACING-TOP CHORD 2x4 SPF No.2 TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins. BOT CHORD 2x4 SPF No.2

BOT CHORD

Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

Installation guide.

MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer

REACTIONS. All bearings 11-8-13.

2x4 SPF No.2

(lb) - Max Horz 1=-174(LC 8)

Max Uplift All uplift 100 lb or less at joint(s) 1, 5 except 8=-227(LC 10), 6=-227(LC 11)

Max Grav All reactions 250 lb or less at joint(s) 1, 5 except 7=254(LC 1), 8=334(LC 14), 6=334(LC 15)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown. WFBS 2-8=-275/273, 4-6=-275/273

NOTES-

OTHERS

Joh

Truss

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

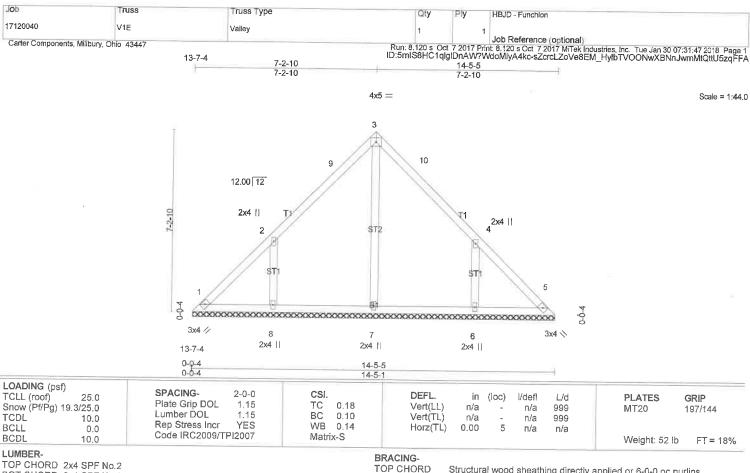
- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-05; 90mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp C; enclosed; MWFRS (low-rise) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown, Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 3) TCLL: ASCE 7-05; Pr=25.0 psf (roof live load: Lumber DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pg=25.0 psf (ground snow); Pf=19.3 psf (flat roof snow: Lumber DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Category II; Exp C; Partially Exp.; Ct=1.1

4) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.

5) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.

6) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

- 7) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 1, 5 except (jt=lb) 8=227, 6=227.
- 8) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2009 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.



TOP CHORD 2x4 SPF No.2 BOT CHORD 2x4 SPF No.2

OTHERS 2x4 SPF No.2 **BOT CHORD**

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins. Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide

REACTIONS. All bearings 14-4-13.

(lb) - Max Horz 1=215(LC 9)

Max Uplift All uplift 100 lb or less at joint(s) 1, 5 except 8=-247(LC 10), 6=-247(LC 11) Max Grav All reactions 250 lb or less at joint(s) 1, 5, 7 except 8=368(LC 14), 6=368(LC 15)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown. **WEBS** 2-8=-289/287, 4-6=-289/287

NOTES-

- 1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
 2) Wind: ASCE 7-05; 90mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ff; Cat. II; Exp C; enclosed; MWFRS (low-rise) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 3) TCLL: ASCE 7-05; Pr=25.0 psf (roof live load: Lumber DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pg=25.0 psf (ground snow); Pf=19.3 psf (flat roof snow: Lumber DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Category II; Exp C; Partially Exp.; Ct=1.1

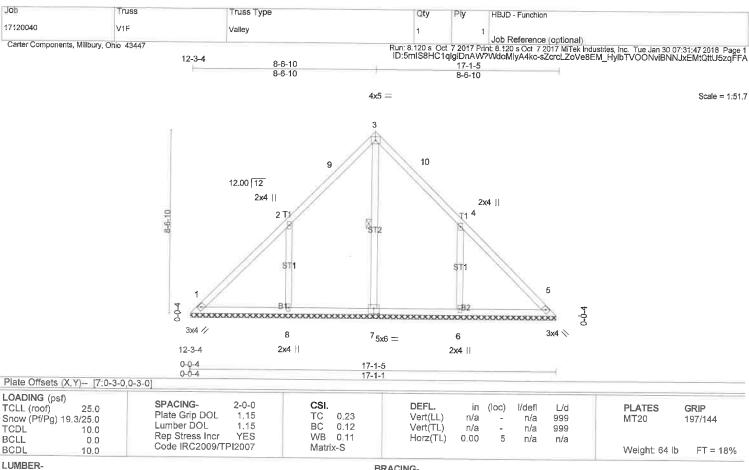
4) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.

5) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.

6) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

7) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 1, 5 except (jt=lb) 8=247, 6=247.

8) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2009 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.



TOP CHORD 2x4 SPF No.2 BOT CHORD 2x4 SPF No.2 2x4 SPF No.2 **OTHERS**

BRACING-TOP CHORD **BOT CHORD WEBS**

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins. Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

1 Row at midpt 3-7

MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide.

All bearings 17-0-13. REACTIONS.

(lb) - Max Horz 1=-257(LC 8)

Max Uplift All uplift 100 lb or less at joint(s) 1, 5 except 8=-295(LC 10), 6=-295(LC 11) Max Grav All reactions 250 lb or less at joint(s) 1, 5, 7 except 8=444(LC 14), 6=444(LC 15)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

WEBS 2-8=-339/337, 4-6=-339/337

NOTES-

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-05; 90mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp C; enclosed; MWFRS (low-rise) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 3) TCLL: ASCE 7-05; Pr=25.0 psf (roof live load: Lumber DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pg=25.0 psf (ground snow); Pf=19.3 psf (flat roof snow: Lumber DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Category II; Exp C, Partially Exp.; Ct=1.1

4) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.

5) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.

6) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

- 7) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 1, 5 except (jt=lb) 8=295 6=295
- 8) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2009 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.

Joh Truss Truss Type Qty HBJD - Funchion 17120040 V1G Valley Job Reference (optional)

Run: 8.120 s Oct 7 2017 Print 8.120 s Oct 7 2017 MTek Industries, Inc. Tue Jan 30 07:31:48 2018 Page 1
ID:5mIS8HC1qlgIDnAW?WdoMIyA4kc-KIADqgaQGyG5z8s8JI_kxcv4zbj02NYW64cQ0XzqFF9 Carter Components, Millbury, Ohio 43447 10-11-4 9-10-10 19-9-5 9-10-10 4x5 = Scale = 1:59.2 14 12.00 12 3 5 9-10-10 Tj ST2 ST2 6 0-0-4 **B**1 B2 9 3x4 3x4 💉 11 10 9 8 10-11-4 5x6 = 0-0-4 19-9-5 19-9-1 Plate Offsets (X,Y)-- [10:0-3-0,0-3-0] LOADING (psf) SPACING-2-0-0 DEFL. TCLL (roof) 25.0 in (loc) I/defl L/d **PLATES** GRIP Plate Grip DOL 1.15 TC 0.20 Vert(LL) Snow (Pf/Pg) 19.3/25.0 n/a n/a 999 MT20 197/144 Lumber DOI 1.15 вс 0.10 Vert(TL) TCD! 10.0 n/a n/a 999 Rep Stress incr YES WB 0.17 BCLL 0.0 Horz(TL) 0.01 7 n/a n/a Code IRC2009/TPI2007 Matrix-S BCDL 10.0 Weight: 79 lb FT = 18% LUMBER-BRACING-TOP CHORD 2x4 SPF No.2 TOP CHORD Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins. BOT CHORD 2x4 SPF No.2 BOT CHORD Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing. OTHERS 2x4 SPF No.2 **WEBS** 1 Row at midpt 4-10 MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide.

REACTIONS. All bearings 19-8-13.

(lb) - Max Horz 1=-299(LC 8)

Max Uplift All uplift 100 lb or less at joint(s) 7 except 1=-110(LC 8), 11=-264(LC 10), 12=-191(LC 10), 9=-264(LC 11), 8=-191(LC 11)

Max Grav All reactions 250 lb or less at joint(s) 1, 7, 10 except 11=396(LC 14), 12=293(LC 1), 9=396(LC 15), 8=293(LC 1)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

TOP CHORD

1-2=-327/173, 6-7=-290/100 3-11=-313/313, 5-9=-313/313 **WEBS**

NOTES-

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-05; 90mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp C; enclosed; MWFRS (low-rise) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for
- reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60

 3) TCLL: ASCE 7-05; Pr=25.0 psf (roof live load: Lumber DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pg=25.0 psf (ground snow); Pf=19.3 psf (flat roof snow: Lumber DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Category II; Exp C; Partially Exp.; Ct=1.1

4) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.

5) All plates are 2x4 MT20 unless otherwise indicated.

6) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.

7) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

- 8) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 7 except (jt=lb) 1=110, 11=264, 12=191, 9=264, 8=191
- 9) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2009 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.

- loh Truss Truss Type Qty HBJD - Function 17120040 V1H GABLE Job Reference (optional)

Run: 8.120 s Oct 7 2017 Print: 8.120 s Oct 7 2017 MiTek Industries, Inc. Tue Jan 30 07:31:48 2018 Page 1
ID:5mlS8HC1qlgIDnAW?WdoMlyA4ko-KIADqgaQGyG5z8s8JI_kxcv6ibjU2N_W64cQ0XzqFF9 Carter Components, Millbury, Ohio 43447 Run: 8.120 s Oct 7 2017 Print 9-7-4 11-2-10 4x5 = Scale = 1:67.1 6 12.00 12 8 1-2-10 3 913 10 ST2 ST1 ST1 11 R B2 各 ***************** 3x4 / 3x4 📏 20 19 18 17 16 15 13 12 5x6 = 22-5-5 22-5-5 Plate Offsets (X,Y)-- [16:0-3-0,0-3-0] LOADING (psf) SPACING-2-0-0 CSI. DEFL. TCLL (roof) 25.0 in (loc) I/defI L/d **PLATES** GRIP Plate Grip DOL 1.15 TC 0.09 Vert(LL) Snow (Pf/Pg) 19.3/25.0 n/a n/a 999 MT20 197/144 Lumber DOL 1.15 BC Vert(TL) 0.07 TCDL 10.0 n/a n/a 999 Rep Stress Incr YES WB 0.14 BCLL 0.0 Horz(TL) 0.01 11 n/a n/a Code IRC2009/TPI2007 Matrix-S BCDL 10.0 Weight: 124 lb FT = 18%

LUMBER-

TOP CHORD 2x4 SPF No.2 BOT CHORD 2x4 SPF No.2 OTHERS 2x4 SPF No.2 BRACING-TOP CHORD **BOT CHORD**

WEBS

Structural wood sheathing directly applied or 6-0-0 oc purlins. Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

1 Row at midpt 6-16, 5-17, 7-15

MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide.

REACTIONS. All bearings 22-5-5.

(lb) - Max Horz 1=-341(LC 8)

Max Uplift All uplift 100 lb or less at joint(s) 1, 11, 19, 13 except 17=-111(LC 10), 18=-128(LC 10), 20=-175(LC 10), 15=-109(LC 11), 14=-129(LC 11), 12=-175(LC 11)

Max Grav All reactions 250 lb or less at joint(s) 1, 11, 17, 18, 19, 15, 14, 13 except 16=281(LC 11), 20=266(LC 1), 12=266(LC 1)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown. TOP CHORD

1-2=-345/189, 10-11=-301/104 **BOT CHORD**

1-20=-68/260, 19-20=-68/260, 18-19=-68/260, 17-18=-68/260, 16-17=-68/260,

15-16=-68/260, 14-15=-68/260, 13-14=-68/260, 12-13=-68/260, 11-12=-68/260

WEBS 6-16=-259/0

NOTES-

- 1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
 2) Wind: ASCE 7-05; 90mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp C; enclosed; MWFRS (low-rise) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 3) TCLL: ASCE 7-05; Pr=25.0 psf (roof live load: Lumber DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pg=25.0 psf (ground snow); Pf=19.3 psf (flat roof snow: Lumber DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Category II; Exp C; Partially Exp.; Ct=1.1

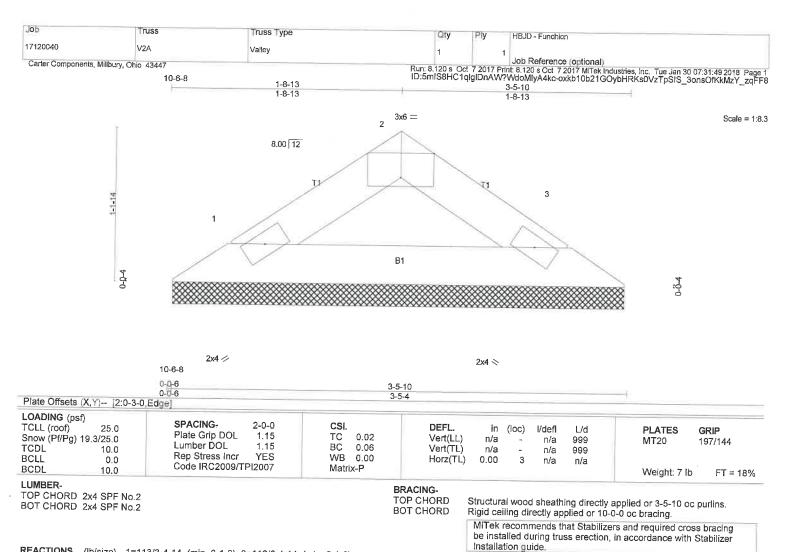
4) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.

5) All plates are 2x4 MT20 unless otherwise indicated.

6) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.

- 7) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 8) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 1, 11, 19, 13 except (jt=lb) 17=111, 18=128, 20=175, 15=109, 14=129, 12=175.

9) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2009 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.



REACTIONS. (lb/size) 1=113/3-4-14 (min. 0-1-8), 3=113/3-4-14 (min. 0-1-8) Max Horz 1=-26(LC 8)

Max Uplift1=-16(LC 10), 3=-16(LC 11)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

- NOTES1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
 2) Wind: ASCE 7-05; 90mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp C; enclosed; MWFRS (low-rise) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
 3) TCLL: ASCE 7-05; Pr=25.0 psf (roof live load: Lumber DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pg=25.0 psf (ground snow); Pf=19.3 psf (flat roof snow: Lumber DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pg=25.0 psf (ground snow); Pf=19.3 psf (flat roof snow: Lumber DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pg=25.0 psf (ground snow); Pf=19.3 psf (flat roof snow: Lumber DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pg=25.0 psf (ground snow); Pf=19.3 psf (flat roof snow: Lumber DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Category II; Exp C; Partially Exp.; Ct=1.1; Min. flat roof snow load governs.

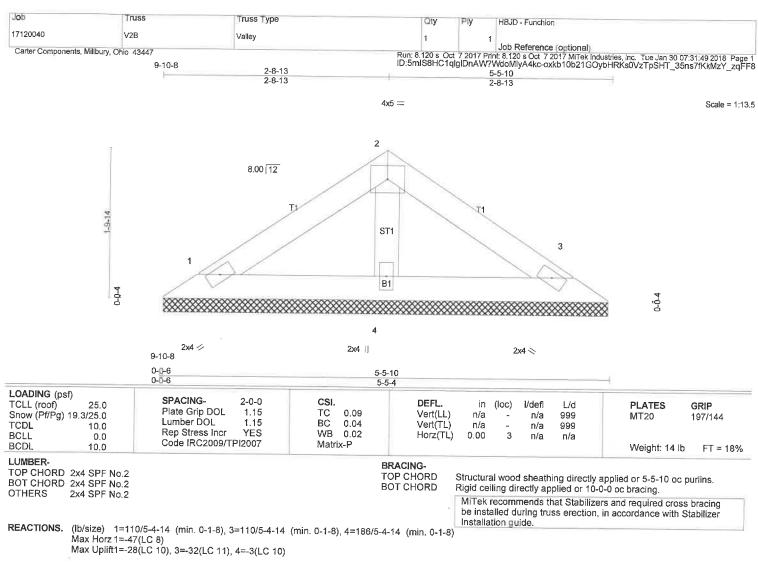
4) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.

5) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.

6) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

7) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 1, 3.

8) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2009 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.



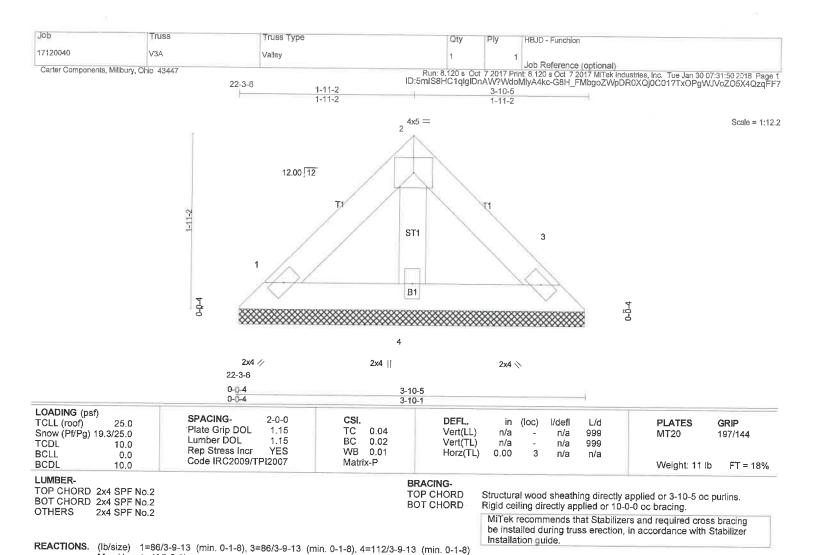
1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-05; 90mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp C; enclosed; MWFRS (low-rise) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 3) TCLL: ASCE 7-05; Pr=25.0 psf (roof live load: Lumber DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pg=25.0 psf (ground snow); Pf=19.3 psf (flat roof snow: Lumber DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Category II; Exp C; Partially Exp.; Ct=1.1

Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
 Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.

6) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

- 7) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 1, 3, 4.
- 3) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2009 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.



NOTES

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

Max Uplift1=-24(LC 11), 3=-24(LC 11)

- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-05; 90mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp C; enclosed; MWFRS (low-rise) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 3) TCLL: ASCE 7-05; Pr=25.0 psf (roof live load: Lumber DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pg=25.0 psf (ground snow); Pf=19.3 psf (flat roof snow: Lumber DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Category II; Exp C; Partially Exp.; Ct=1.1

4) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.

5) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.

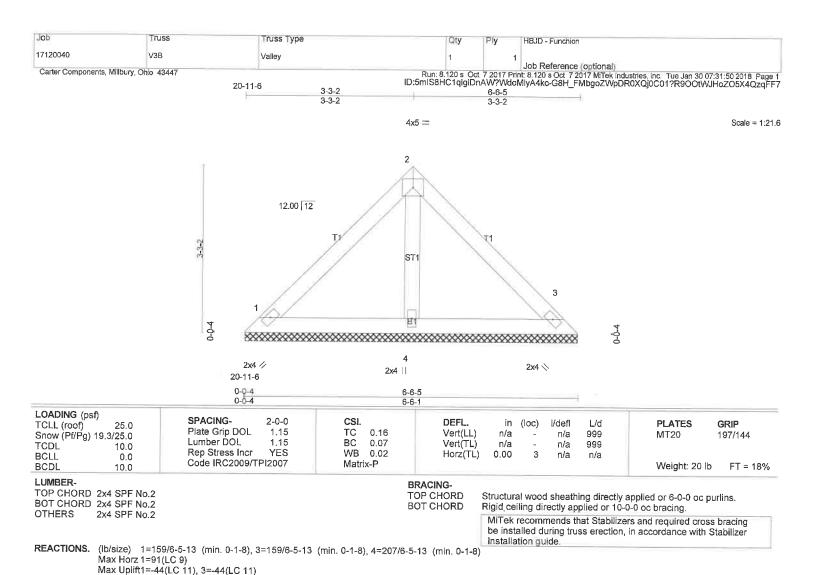
Max Hórz 1=49(LC 9)

6) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

7) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 1, 3.

8) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2009 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced

o) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2009 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.



1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-05; 90mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp C; enclosed; MWFRS (low-rise) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 3) TCLL: ASCE 7-05; Pr=25.0 psf (roof live load: Lumber DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pg=25.0 psf (ground snow); Pf=19.3 psf (flat roof snow: Lumber DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Category II; Exp C; Partially Exp.; Ct=1.1

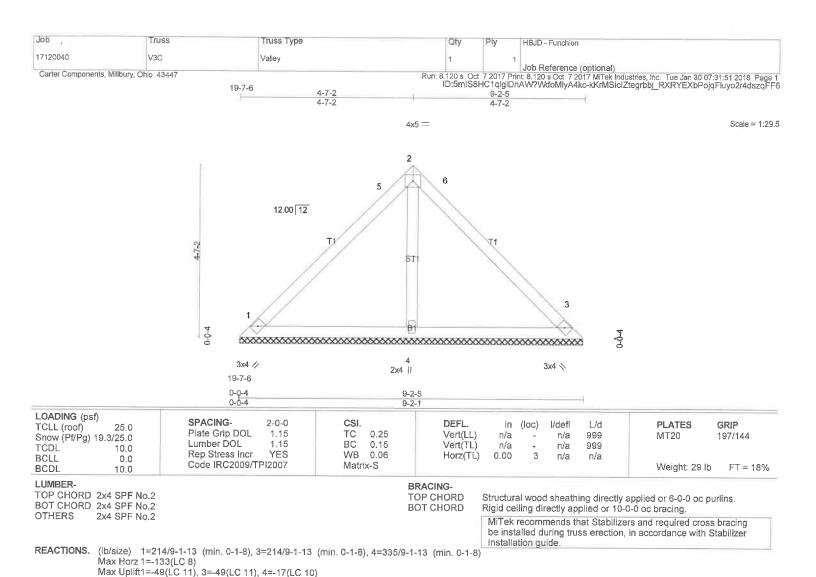
4) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.

5) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.

This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

- 7) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 1, 3.

 8) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2009 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.



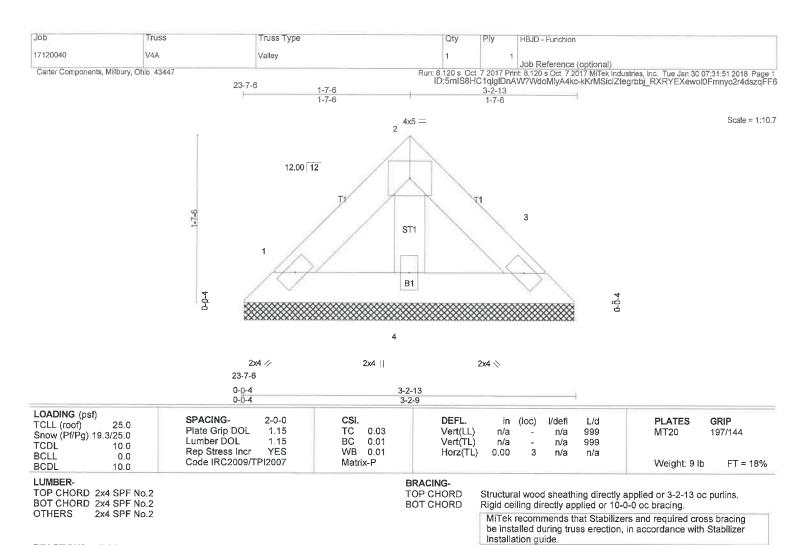
NOTES

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-05; 90mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp C; enclosed; MWFRS (low-rise) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 3) TCLL: ASCE 7-05; Pr=25.0 psf (roof live load: Lumber DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pg=25.0 psf (ground snow); Pf=19.3 psf (flat roof snow: Lumber DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Category II; Exp C; Partially Exp.; Ct=1.1
- 4) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.

5) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.

- 6) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 7) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 1, 3, 4.
- 8) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2009 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.



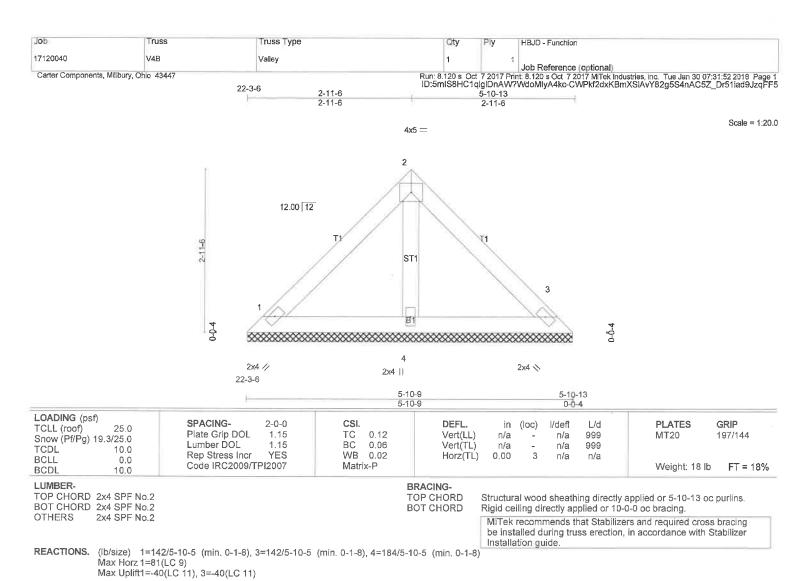
REACTIONS. (lb/size) 1=69/3-2-5 (min. 0-1-8), 3=69/3-2-5 (min. 0-1-8), 4=90/3-2-5 (min. 0-1-8) Max Horz 1=-40(LC 8)

Max Uplift1=-19(LC 11), 3=-19(LC 11)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

- Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
 Wind: ASCE 7-05; 90mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ff; Cat. II; Exp C; enclosed; MWFRS (low-rise) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 3) TCLL: ASCE 7-05; Pr=25.0 psf (roof live load: Lumber DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pg=25.0 psf (ground snow); Pf=19.3 psf (flat roof snow: Lumber DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Category II; Exp C; Partially Exp.; Ct=1.1; Min. flat roof snow load governs.

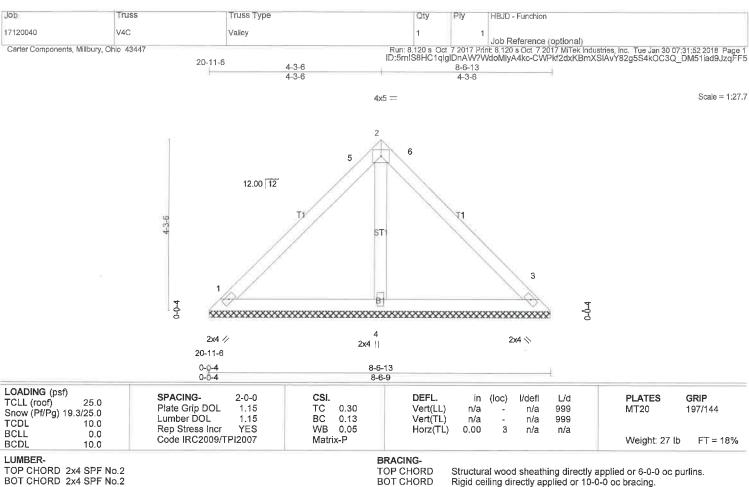
 4) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.
- 5) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.
- 6) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 7) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 1, 3.
- 8) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2009 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.



- Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.
 Wind: ASCE 7-05; 90mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp C; enclosed; MWFRS (low-rise) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 3) TCLL: ASCE 7-05; Pr=25.0 psf (roof live load: Lumber DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pg=25.0 psf (ground snow); Pf=19.3 psf (flat roof snow: Lumber DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Category II; Exp C; Partially Exp.; Ct=1.1
- 4) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.

5) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.

- 6) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.
- 7) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 1, 3.
- 8) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2009 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.



OTHERS 2x4 SPF No.2 Rigid ceiling directly applied or 10-0-0 oc bracing.

MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer Installation guide.

REACTIONS. (lb/size) 1=214/8-6-5 (min. 0-1-8), 3=214/8-6-5 (min. 0-1-8), 4=279/8-6-5 (min. 0-1-8) Max Horz 1=123(LC 9)

Max Uplift1=-60(LC 11), 3=-60(LC 11)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown.

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-05; 90mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp C; enclosed; MWFRS (low-rise) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 3) TCLL: ASCE 7-05; Pr=25.0 psf (roof live load: Lumber DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pg=25.0 psf (ground snow); Pf=19.3 psf (flat roof snow: Lumber DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Category II; Exp C; Partially Exp.; Ct=1.1
- 4) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.

5) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.

6) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

7) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 1, 3.

8) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2009 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.

7-1						Tel.				
Job	Truss		Truss Type		Qty	Ply	HBJD - F	unchion		
17120040	V4D		√alley		1	1	Joh Pof	erance (ention	all	
Carter Components, Millbury, Ohio 43447					Job Reference (optional) Run: 8.120 s Oct 7 2017 Print: 8.120 s Oct 7 2017 MITek Industries, Inc. Tue Jan 30 07:31:53 2018 Page 1 ID:5mIS8HC1qlgIDnAW?WdoMlyA4kc-gjz6tOeZ6UuO4vI55sZvefdxucQ5fj7FFMKShIzqFF4					
19-7-6				ID:5mIS8HC1qlgIDnAW?WdoMlyA4kc-gjz6tOeZ5UuO4vl55sZvefdxucQ5jf7FFMKBhl; 7-6 11-2-13						/FFMKBhlzqFF4
		1	5-7-6			5-7-6				
				4x5 =						Scale = 1:34.7
				17.0						
		2x4	STI	9 ST2	10	¥11	STI	4 ^{2x4} 5		
		3x4 //	8	7			6	3x4 📏		
		19-7-6	2x4	2x4			2x4			
		0-0-4		11-2-13						
		0-0-4		11-2-9						
Snow (Pf/Pg) 19.3/ TCDL BCLL	25.0 25.0 10.0	SPACING- Plate Grip DOL Lumber DOL Rep Stress Incr Code IRC2009/T	1.15 1.15 I YES N	CSI. FC 0.19 BC 0.10 VB 0.08 Matrix-S	DEFL. Vert(LL) Vert(TL) Horz(TL)	in n/a n/a 0.00	(loc) I	I/defl L/d n/a 999 n/a 999 n/a n/a	PLATES MT20 Weight: 38 lb	GRIP 197/144 FT = 18%
LUMBER- TOP CHORD 2x4 BOT CHORD 2x4 OTHERS 2x4				BRACI TOP C BOT C	HORD	Rigid ce	iling dire	ctly applied o	ectly applied or 6-0-0 oc por 10-0-0 oc bracing.	
OTTLING ZX4	OI 1 140.2					MiTek recommends that Stabilizers and required cross bracing be installed during truss erection, in accordance with Stabilizer				

Installation guide.

REACTIONS. All bearings 11-2-5.

(lb) - Max Horz 1=165(LC 9)

Max Uplift All uplift 100 lb or less at joint(s) 1, 5 except 8=-233(LC 10), 6=-232(LC 11)

Max Grav All reactions 250 lb or less at joint(s) 1, 5 except 7=253(LC 1), 8=341(LC 14), 6=341(LC 15)

FORCES. (lb) - Max. Comp./Max. Ten. - All forces 250 (lb) or less except when shown. WEBS 2-8=-283/282, 4-6=-283/282

NOTES-

1) Unbalanced roof live loads have been considered for this design.

- 2) Wind: ASCE 7-05; 90mph; TCDL=6.0psf; BCDL=6.0psf; h=25ft; Cat. II; Exp C; enclosed; MWFRS (low-rise) gable end zone and C-C Exterior(2) zone; cantilever left and right exposed; end vertical left and right exposed; C-C for members and forces & MWFRS for reactions shown; Lumber DOL=1.60 plate grip DOL=1.60
- 3) TCLL: ASCE 7-05; Pr=25.0 psf (roof live load: Lumber DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Pg=25.0 psf (ground snow); Pf=19.3 psf (flat roof snow: Lumber DOL=1.15 Plate DOL=1.15); Category II; Exp C; Partially Exp.; Ct=1.1

4) Unbalanced snow loads have been considered for this design.

5) Gable requires continuous bottom chord bearing.

6) This truss has been designed for a 10.0 psf bottom chord live load nonconcurrent with any other live loads.

7) Provide mechanical connection (by others) of truss to bearing plate capable of withstanding 100 lb uplift at joint(s) 1, 5 except (jt=lb) 8=233, 6=232.

8) This truss is designed in accordance with the 2009 International Residential Code sections R502.11.1 and R802.10.2 and referenced standard ANSI/TPI 1.